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(54) Title: HETEROARYL-HEXANOIC ACID AMIDE DERIVATIVES, THEIR PREPARATION AND THEIR USE AS SELECTIVE INHIBITORS OF MIP-1-ALPHA BINDING TO ITS CCR1 RECEPTOR

(57) Abstract

Compounds of formula (I) wherein R^1 is optionally substituted (C_2 – C_9)heteroaryl; R^2 is optionally substituted phenyl-(CH_2)_{nn}-, naphthyl-(CH_2)_{nn}-,

 (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl or (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, m is an integer from zero to four, R^3 is hydrogen, or optionally substituted (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$, or aryl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$ or aryl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$, n is an integer from zero to six; or R^3 and the carbon to which it is attached form an optionally substituted and/or fused five to seven membered carbocyclic ring; R^4 is hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, hydroxy, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy, hydroxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxyCO, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, or optionally substituted (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, phenyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$ or naphthyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, p is an integer from zero to four, or R^4 and R^5 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form an optionally substituted (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl group; R^5 is hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl or amino. The present compounds are potent and selective inhibitors of MIP-1-alpha. binding to its receptor CCR1, and are thus useful to treat inflammation and other immune disorders.

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HETEROARYL-HEXANOIC ACID AMIDE DERIVATIVES, THEIR PREPARATION AND THEIR USE AS SELECTIVE INHIBITORS OF MIP-1.ALPHA. BINDING TO ITS CCR1 RECEPTOR

Background of the Invention

The present invention relates to novel hexanoic acid derivatives, methods of use and pharmaceutical compositions containing them.

The compounds of the invention are potent and selective inhibitors of MIP-1 α binding to its receptor CCR1 found on inflammatory and immunomodulatory cells (preferably leukocytes and lymphocytes). The CCR1 receptor is also sometimes referred to as the CC-CKR1 receptor. These compounds also inhibit MIP-1α (and the related chemokine shown to interact with CCR1 (e.g., RANTES and MCP-3)) induced chemotaxis of THP-1 cells and human leukocytes and are potentially useful for the treatment or prevention of autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult Respiratory Distress Syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection (chronic and acute), organ rejection (chronic and acute), atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (coreceptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis).

MIP-1α and RANTES are soluble chemotactic peptides (chemokines) which are produced by inflammatory cells, in particular CD8+ lymphocytes, polymorphonuclear leukocytes (PMNs) and macrophages, J.Biol. Chem., 270 (30) 29671-29675 (1995). These chemokines act by inducing the migration and activation of key inflammatory and immunomodulatory cells. Elevated levels of chemokines have been found in the synovial fluid of rheumatoid arthritis patients, chronic and rejecting tissue transplant patients and in the nasal secretions of allergic rhinitis patients following allergen exposure (Teran, et al., J. Immunol., 1806-1812 (1996), and Kuna et al., J. Allergy Clin, Immunol. 321 (1994)). Antibodies which interfere with the chemokine/receptor interaction by neutralizing MIP1a or gene disruption have provided direct evidence for the role of MIP-1a and RANTES in disease by limiting the recruitment of monocytes and CD8+ lymphocytes (Smith et al., J. Immunol, 153, 4704 (1994) and Cook et al., Science, 269, 1583 (1995)). Together this data demonstrates that CCR1 antagonists would be an effective at treatment of several immune based diseases. The compounds described within are potent and selective antagonists of CCR1. No other small molecule antagonists of the MIP-1α /RANTES interaction with CCR1 are currently known.

United States Patent 4,923,864, issued May 8, 1990, refers to certain heterocyclic hexanamides that are useful for treating hypertension.

PCT publication WO 89/01488, published February 23, 1989, refers to renin inhibiting peptides which possess nonpeptide linkages.

PCT publication WO 93/ 025057, published February 4, 1993, refers to dipeptide analogs which are claimed to inhibit retroviral proteases.

PCT publication WO 93/17003, published September 2, 1993, refers to other dipeptide analogs which are claimed to inhibit retroviral proteases.

PCT publication WO 92/17490, published October 15, 1992, refers to peptides containing at least one O-phosphate monoester or diester. The compounds are claimed to possess activity for inhibiting retroviruses.

European Patent Publication 708,085, published April 24, 1996, refers to antiviral ethers of aspartate protease inhibitors.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention relates to compounds of the formula

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$$R^1$$
 N
 H
 OH
 R^2
 NR^4R^5

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wherein R¹ is (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more substituents (preferably one to three substituents) independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl.$ H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, NO_2 . [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N_-(C=O)_-$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)_-, [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N_-(C=O)_-, H_2N(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl_-HN(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)alkyl_ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-$

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 R^2 is phenyl- $(CH_2)_m$ -, naphthyl- $(CH_2)_m$ -, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_m$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl or 10 (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl-(CH₂)_m-, wherein m is an interger from zero to four, wherein each of said phenyl, naphthyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl or (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl moieties of said phenyl-(CH₂)_m-, naphthyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$ or (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$ groups may optionally be substituted with one or more substituents (preferably one to three substituents) independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one 15 or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₅)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-. HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O- $H(O=C)-, H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-$ (C₁-C₆)alkyl 20 (C_1-C_6) alkyl, NO₂, amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, H_2 N-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)_ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)_ H_2N(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)alkyl_ (C_1-C_6)alkyl_-HN(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)alkyl_ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=0)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=0)-NH, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=0)-NH$ $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=0)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ 25 (S=O)-, $(C_1-C_6)aikyi-SO_2-, (C_1-C_6)aikyi-SO_2-NH-, H_2N-SO_2-, H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyi,$ $(C_1-C_6)alkylHN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, CF_3SO_3-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-$ SO₁-, phenyl, phenoxy, benzyloxy, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C2-C9)heteroaryl;

 R^3 is hydrogen, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_n$ - or aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ -; wherein n is an interger from zero to six;

wherein said R^3 (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl group may optionally be substituted with one or more substituents, (preferably from one to three substituents) independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C₁-C₆)alkoxy(C₁-C₆)alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-(C=O)-O-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-, H(O=C)-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl(O=C)-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, NO₂, amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, $\{(C_1-C_6)alkyl\}_2$ amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl.

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 (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N-(C=O)$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, $[(C_1-C_6)aikyi]_2N-(C=O)$ -, $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)aikyi$. $(C_1-C_6)aikyi$ -HN(C=O)- $(C_1-C_6)aikyi$. $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=0)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH$ [NH](C_1 - C_6)alkyl, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1 - C_6)alkyl](C_1 - C_6)alkyl- C_1 - C_6)alkyl- C_1 - C_6)alkyl- C_1 - C_2 0 alkyl- C_3 - C_4 0 alkyl- C_4 - C_6 0 alkyl- C_6 0 alkyl-(S=Q)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H_2N-SO_2 -, H_2N-SO_2 -(C_1 - C_6)alkyl, $(C_1-C_6)alkylHN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2 \quad N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad CF_3SO_3-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C_1-C_6)a$ SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl; and wherein any of the carbon-carbon single bonds of said (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl may optionally be replaced by a carbon-carbon double bond;

wherein the (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl moiety of said R³ (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl-(CH₂)₀- group may optionally be substituted by one to three substitutents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyi, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyi-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)-20 (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O- $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C₁-C₅)alkyl, H(O=C)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, NO_2 , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N_1-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-NH- $(C=O)_-$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyI_2N-(C=O)_-$, $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyI$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyI-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyI$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=0)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH$ 25 $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-)$ $(S=O)_{-1}$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2 -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2 -NH-, H_2 N- SO_2 -, H_2 N- SO_2 - (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $HN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyl, [(C_1-C_6)aikyl]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyl, CF_3SO_3-, (C_1-C_6)aikyl-SO_3-, phenyl,$ (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

wherein the (C2-C9)heterocycloalkyl moiety of said R3 (C2-C9)heterocycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n- group may contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur, oxygen, >S(=O), >SO2 or >NR6, wherein said (C2-C3)heterocycloalkyl moiety of said (C2-C9)heterocycloalkyl-(CH2)n- group may optionally be substituted on any of the ring carbon atoms capable of forming an additional bond (preferably one to three substitutents per ring) with a substituent independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl,

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 $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \\ H(O=C)-, \quad H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad NO_2, \\ amino, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkylamino, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino, \quad amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \\ (C_1-C_6)alkylamino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H_2N-(C=O)-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \quad H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \\ (C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-, \quad H_2N-SO_2-, \quad H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-SO_2-,$

wherein the (C2-C9)heteroaryl moiety of said R3 (C2-C9)heteroaryl-(CH2)n- group may contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur or oxygen, wherein said (C2-C9)heteroaryl moiety of said (C2-C9)heteroaryl-(CH2)n- group may optionally be substituted on any of the ring carbon atoms capable of forming an additional bond (preferably one to three substitutents per ring) with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O- $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-$ (C₁-C₆)alkyl. H(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, NO₂, amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N-(C=O)$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)-, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \ H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C$ $[(C_1-C_6)aikyi]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)aikyi]$, H(O=C)-NH-, $(C_1-C_6)aikyi(C=O)-NH$, $(C_1-C_6)aikyi(C=O)-NH$ $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=0)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H2N-SO2-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ $(C_1-C_6)alkylHN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad CF_3SO_3-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-C_6$ SO_{3} -, phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl; and

wherein said aryl moiety of said R^3 aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ - group is optionally substituted phenyl or naphthyl, wherein said phenyl and naphthyl may optionally be substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C_1-C_6) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl

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 $(C=O)_-$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)_-$, $HO-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, NO_2 , amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H_2N-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, [(C_1-$ 10 $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-HN(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O) (C_1-C_6)$ alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(C=O)-NH] (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6) alky $I(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)$ alky $I](C_1-C_6)$ alky $I, (C_1-C_6)$ alky $I-S-, (C_1-C_6)$ alky $I-(S=O)-, (C_1-C_6)$ alky $I-S-, (C_1-C_$ SO₂-, ... (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, H₂N-SO₂-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl HN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, CF₃SO₃-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, 15 (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

or R3 and the carbon to which it is attached form a five to seven membered carbocyclic ring, wherein any of the carbon atoms of said five membered carbocyclic ring may optionally be substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), HO-(C=O)-, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-$, $HO-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=0)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C $H(O=C)_{-}$, $H(O=C)_{-}(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)_{-}$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)_{-}(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, NO_2 , amino. (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N-(C=O)$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)_{-}$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)_{-}$, $H_2N(C=O)_{-}(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl_{-}HN(C=O)_{-}(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $[(C_1-C_6)aikyi]_2N-(C=0)-(C_1-C_6)aikyi, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)aikyi(C=0)-NH, (C_1-C_6)aikyi(C=0)-NH$ $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=0)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-)$ (S=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2- , (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2-NH- , H_2N-SO_2- , $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, $(C_1-C_6)aikyIHN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyI, [(C_1-C_6)aikyI]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyI, CF_3SO_3-, (C_1-C_6)aikyI-$ SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl; wherein one of the carbon-carbon bonds of said five to seven membered carbocyclic ring may optionally be fused to an optionally substituted phenyl ring, wherein said substitutents may be independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, (C₁-C₆)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy, hydroxy, hydroxy (C1-C6)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-

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 R^4 is hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, hydroxy, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy, hydroxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl-(CH₂)₀-, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl-(CH₂)₀-, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy(C=O)-, (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, phenyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, or naphthyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, wherein p is an integer from zero to four; wherein said (C2-C9)heterocycloalkyl, (C2-C9)heteroaryl, phenyl and naphthyl groups of said (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, phenyl- $(CH_2)_p$ -, or naphthyl-(CH₂)_n- may be optionally substituted on any of the ring atoms capable of supporting an additional bond (preferably zero to two substituents per ring) with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C₁-C₆)alkoxy(C₁-C₆)alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-O-(C=O)-. $HO-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C_$ $(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, NO_2 , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂ amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl. $(C=O)-, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alky!]_2N-(C=O)-, \quad H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alky!, \quad (C_1-C_6)alky!-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alky!.$ $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ H₂N-SO₂-. (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2 -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2 -NH-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, $(C_1 - C_6) alkyl + N - SO_2 - (C_1 - C_6) alkyl, \ [(C_1 - C_6) alkyl]_2 N - SO_2 - (C_1 - C_6) alkyl, \ CF_3 SO_3 - , \ (C_1 - C_6) alkyl - SO_3, \ (C_1 - C_6) alkyl - SO_3 - , \ (C_1 - C_6) alkyl - , \ (C_1 - C_6$ phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl;

or R^4 and R^5 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl group wherein any of the ring atoms of said (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl group may optionally be substituted, preferably from zero to two substituents, with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C_1-C_6) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy,

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R⁵ is hydrogen, (C₁-C₆)alkyl or amino;

R⁶ is hydrogen, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy- $(CH_2)_g$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy(C=O)- $(CH_2)_g$ -, (C_6-C_{10}) aryloxy- $(CH_2)_g$ -, (C_6-C_{10}) aryloxy(C=O)- $(CH_2)_g$ -, or (C_6-C_{10}) aryl- (SO_2) - $(CH_2)_g$ -, wherein g is an integer from zero to four;

with the proviso that when one of R^4 or R^5 is hydrogen, and the other of R^4 or R^5 is (C_1-C_6) alkyl; R^2 is (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl or isopropyl and R^3 is (C_3-C_5) alkyl, phenyl, methylvinyl, dimethylvinyl, halovinyl, hydroxy(C_1-C_3)alkyl or amino(C_1-C_4)alkyl then R^1 must be other than indol-5-yl, 6-azaindol-2-yl, 2.3-dichloro-pyrrol-5-yl, 4-hydroxyquinolin-3-yl, 2-hydroxyquinoxalin-3-yl, 6-azaindolin-3-yl, or optionally substituted indol-2 or 3-yl;

and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts of such compounds.

The present invention also relates to the pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts of compounds of the formula I. The acids which are used to prepare the pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts of the aforementioned base compounds of this invention are those which form non-toxic acid addition salts, i.e., salts containing pharmacologically acceptable anions, such as the hydrochloride, hydrobromide, hydroiodide, nitrate, sulfate, bisulfate, phosphate, acid phosphate, acetate, lactate, citrate, acid citrate, tartrate, bitartrate, succinate, maleate, fumarate, gluconate, saccharate, benzoate, methanesulfonate, ethanesulfonate, benzenesulfonate, p-toluenesulfonate and pamoate [i.e., 1,1'-methylene-bis-(2-hydroxy-3- naphthoate)]salts.

The invention also relates to base addition salts of formula I. The chemical bases that may be used as reagents to prepare pharmaceutically acceptable base salts of those compounds of formula I that are acidic in nature are those that form non-toxic base salts with such compounds. Such non-toxic base salts include, but are not limited to those derived from

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such pharmacologically acceptable cations such as alkali metal cations (<u>e.g.</u>, potassium and sodium) and alkaline earth metal cations (<u>e.g.</u>, calcium and magnesium), ammonium or water-soluble amine addition salts such as N-methylglucamine-(meglumine), and the lower alkanolammonium and other base salts of pharmaceutically acceptable organic amines.

The compounds of this invention may contain olefin-like double bonds. When such bonds are present, the compounds of the invention exist as cis and trans configurations and as mixtures thereof.

Unless otherwise indicated, the alkyl and alkenyl groups referred to herein, as well as the alkyl moieties of other groups referred to herein (e.g., alkoxy), may be linear or branched, and they may also be cyclic (e.g., cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl or cycloheptyl) or be linear or branched and contain cyclic moieties. Branched groups such as 2-methylbutyl, 2-methylpentyl are defined such that the lowest number is the carbon furthest from the point of attachment. Unless otherwise indicated, halogen includes fluorine, chlorine, bromine, and iodine.

(C₃-C₁₀)Cycloalkyl when used herein refers to cycloalkyl groups containing zero to two levels of unsaturation such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexenyl, 1,3-cyclohexadiene, cycloheptyl, cycloheptenyl, bicyclo[3.2.1]octane, norbornanyl etc...

 (C_2-C_9) Heterocycloalkyl when used herein refers to pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, dihydrofuranyl, tetrahydropyranyl, pyranyl, thiopyranyl, aziridinyl, oxiranyl, methylenedioxyl, chromenyl, isoxazolidinyl, 1,3-oxazolidin-3-yl, isothiazolidinyl, 1,3-thiazolidin-3-yl, 1,2-pyrazolidin-2-yl, 1,3-pyrazolidin-1-yl, piperidinyl, thiomorpholinyl, 1,2-tetrahydrothiazin-2-yl, 1,3-tetrahydrothiazin-3-yl, tetrahydrothiadiazinyl, morpholinyl, 1,2-tetrahydrodiazin-2-yl, 1,3-tetrahydrodiazin-1-yl, tetrahydroazepinyl, piperazinyl, chromanyl, etc. One of ordinary skill in the art will understand that the connection of said (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl rings is through a carbon or a sp³ hybridized nitrogen heteroatom.

 (C_2-C_9) Heteroaryl when used herein refers to furyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, pyrazolyl, isothiazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, pyrrolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl, imidazolyl, 1,3,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,5-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, 1,2,4-triazinyl, 1,2,3-triazinyl, 1,3,5-triazinyl, pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridinyl, cinnolinyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindinyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, 5, 6, 7, 8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl, benzoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzimidazolyl, thianaphthenyl, isothianaphthenyl, benzofuranyl, isobenzofuranyl, isoindolyl, indolyl, indolizinyl, indazolyl, isoquinolyl, quinolyl, phthalazinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinazolinyl, benzoxazinyl, etc. One of ordinary skill in the art will

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understand that the connection of said (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl rings is through a carbon atom or a sp³ hybridized nitrogen heteroatom.

Aryl when used herein refers to phenyl or naphthyl.

The compounds of this invention include all conformational isomers (e.g., cis and trans isomers) and all optical isomers of compounds of the formula I (e.g., enantiomers and diastereomers), as well as racemic, diastereomeric and other mixtures of such isomers.

Preferred compounds of the of formula I include those with the stereochemistry depicted in formula

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15 Preferred compounds of the formula I include those wherein R¹ is optionally substituted pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridinyl, cinnolinyl, pyridinyl, 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindinyl, benzothiazolyl, pyrazinyl, benzoimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzofb]thiophenyl, naphthalenyl, quinoxalinyl, isoquinolinyl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl or quinolinyl, more preferably pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-5-yl, cinnolin-4-yl, pyridin-2-yl, 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindin-3-yl, benzoimidazol-2-yl, 20 benzothiazol-2-yl, indol-2-yl. pyrazin-2-yl, benzofuran-2-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, naphthalen-2-yl, quinoxalin-2-yl, quinoxalin-6-yl, isoquinolin-1-yl, isoquinolin-3-yl, isoquinolin-4-yl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-4-yl or quinolin-6-yl, most preferably quinoxalin-6-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinoxalin-2-yl, quinolin-4-yl or quinolin-6-yl.

Other preferred compounds of formula I include those wherein R2 is optionally substituted phenyl, benzyl, naphthyl, cyclohexyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, pyridyl, oxazolyl, furanyl, or thiophenyl; wherein said substituents are independently selected from hydrogen, halo, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, hydroxy, -C(=O)-OH, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy. $(C_1-C_6)alkoxy(C=O)-, \quad NO_2, \quad amino, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkylamino, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2 amino, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-alkyl-$ 30 (C=O)-, HO-(C=O)-(C_1 - C_6)alkyl, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1 - C_6)alkyl, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-. (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, $H_2N-(C=O)-$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N- $(C=O)-, \quad H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2$ H(O=C)-NH-, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl$, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $](C_1-C_6)$ alkyl] phenoxy, and benzyloxy.

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Other preferred compounds of formula I include those wherein R^3 is optionally substituted (C_1 - C_{10})alkyl, benzyl, pyranyl or (C_3 - C_{10})cycloalkyl-(CH_2)_n-, wherein any of the carbon-carbon single bonds of said (C_1 - C_{10})alkyl may be optionally replaced by a carbon-carbon double bond; more preferably optionally substituted n-butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-methylbutyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, 2-methyl-pentyl, allyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl 2-methylcyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, or cycloheptyl, more preferably wherein the substituent is fluoro, (C_1 - C_6)alkyl or hydroxy.

Examples of specific preferred compounds of the formula I are the following:

7,8-diffuoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

15 8-fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)]-amide;

25 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-30 (1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-(hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl)]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

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5	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy
	oct-6-enyl)]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-pheny
	pentyl)]-amide;
	N-(1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-5,6-dichloro-
10	nicotinamide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiazol-4
	ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;
	benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy
	7-methyl-octyl)]-amide; and
15	benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-
	methyl-octyl)]-amide.
	Examples of other compounds of the formula I are the following:
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-thiazol-4
	ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;
20	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-
	thiazol-4-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-
	cyclohexyl)-1-thiazol-4-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-
25	methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-thiazol-4-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1
	thiazol-4-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-4-
	hydroxycarbamoyl-1-thiazol-4-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
30	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-1-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-7-fluoro-2-
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-
	hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-1-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-(1-
35	hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
	guipovatine 2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-1-(3 5-difluoro-benzyl)-4-(4,4-difluoro-

5 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2-hydroxy-1-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-1-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-1-pyridin-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-pyridin-3-20 ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-pyridin-3-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-pyridin-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-1-pyridin-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-pyridin-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-1pyridin-3-ylmethyl-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

cyclohexyl)-1-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-1-(4-fluoro-5 benzyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-1-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-(1-10 hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; __quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-15 (1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-1-(3-fluorobenzyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-cyclohexyl-1-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-20 hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-(1hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-25 (2-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-1-(2-fluoro-30 benzyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-cyclohexyl-1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2-hydroxy-4hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-thiophen-2-v/methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-

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quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-

thiophen-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-4-10 hydroxycarbamoyl-1-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-(3-trifluoromethyl-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-7-methyl-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-hydroxycarbamoyl-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-(3-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-7-methyl-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;

5	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-
	cyclohexyl)-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-
	methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-
10	(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-
	hydroxy-1-(4-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-1-(2-trifluoromethyl-
	benzyl)-octyl]-amide;
15	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-
	(2-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(4-hydroxy-2,6-dimethyl-
	tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-(2-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-
20	methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-(2-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-(2-
	trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-
	hydroxy-1-(2-trifluoromethoxy-benzyl)-butyl}-amide;
25	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-7-methyl-1-[3-(1-
	hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl]-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-hydroxycarbamoyl-2-hydroxy-7-methyl -1-[3-(1-
	hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl]-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-
30	cyclohexyl)-1-[3-(1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl]-butyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4-hydroxy-2,6-
	dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-1-3-(1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl)-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-
	[3-(1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl]-butyl}-amide;
35	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-[3-(1
	hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl)-benzyl]-butyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-7-methyl-1-thiophen-
	3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;

- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-1-thiophen-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-carbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-thiophen-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
- quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-10 methyl-cyclohexyl)-1-thiophen-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-thiophen-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide;
 - quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-1-thiophen-3-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide,
- [[1,8]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - [1,8]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
- [1,8]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-20 4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - [1,8]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - [1,5]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
- 25 [1,5]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - [1,5]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
- [1,5]naphthyridine-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-30 hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - [1,8]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
 - [1,8]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
- 35 [1,8]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
 - [1,8]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

[1,6]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-7-5 methyl-octyl)-amide; [1,6]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-7-fluoro-2-hydroxy-4hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; [1,6]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; 10 [1,6]naphthyridine-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-15 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (6-chloro-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (2(\$)-hydroxy-1(\$)-isobutyl-6-methyl-4(R)-20 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-sec-butyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; guinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-25 methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide; N-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5phenyl-nicotinamide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-30 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-4(R)-dimethylcarbamoyl-2(S)hydroxy-6-methyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-35 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

isoquinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-

4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-5 2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; 10 quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(S)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; guinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-15 methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methylheptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-20 methyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-benzylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6methyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6methyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(S)-25 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methylheptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)propylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; 30 quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2(S)-hydroxyethylcarbamoyl)-6-methyl-heptyl]-amide; cinnoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; isoquinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-35 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-

methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

5 N-1(S)-Benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5-bromonicotinamide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(R)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(R)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(S)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(4-benzyloxy-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-10 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1-(4-benzyloxy-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide; isoquinoline-1-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; 15 quinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-6-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2(S)-hydroxy-1-(4-hydroxy-benzyl)-6-methyl-4(R)-20 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide; quinoline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; naphthalene-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohex-1-enyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-25 methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-(3-methylbutylcarbamoyl)-heptyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(S)-30 methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-{3(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-[(quinoline-3-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-phenyl ester; trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid 4-{3(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-[(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-phenyl ester; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-35 methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-5 methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; N-1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-5-bromonicotinamide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-prop-2ynylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide; 10 quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)hydroxycarbamoyl-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-methoxy-benzyl)-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide; isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid (5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-15 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; 5-bromo-N-(5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-nicotinamide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-methoxy-benzyl)-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide; 20 isoquinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid (5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; isoquinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-25 methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-hydroxy-benzyl)-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide; 30 quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-35 methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-

methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

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5	quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-pentyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl]-amide;
	quinoline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-
10	methylcarbamoyl-pentyl]-amide;
	benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	N-1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5,6-dichloro-
	nicotinamide;
15	quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	N-1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-5-bromo-
	nicotinamide;
	5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-
20	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
25	isoquinoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;
	benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
30	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	2-methyl-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	6,7-dimethoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
35	6,7-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	1H-benzoimidazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;

nicotinamide;

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5	5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
10	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;
	5-chloro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-
	octyl)-amide; -
15	2-methoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcabamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	5,6-dichloro-1H-benzoimidazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
20	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	6,7,8-trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
25	5,8-dimethyl-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)
30	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;
	5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;
35	·
	methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;
	N-1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-5-bromo

5	5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-
	hydroxy-pentyl)-amide;
	6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-
10	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide;
15	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
	propylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-
20	7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide;
25	4-{3(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-[(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-
	amino]-octyl}-benzoic acid methyl ester;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-
	amide;
	6,7,8-trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
30	methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	6,7,8-trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-

methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

6,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

6,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide;

7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

5	6-methyl-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-8-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-8-methyl-
10	nonyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-biphenyl-4(R)-ylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-
	oct-6-enyl)-amide;
15	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-1(S)-
	naphthalen-2-ylmethyl-heptyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7,7-
	dimethyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7,7-dimethyl-4(R)-
20	methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-
	pentyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-biphenyl-4(R)-ylmethyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
25	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-5-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(4,4-difluoro-
	cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
30	methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-oct-6-enyl)-amide;
35	6,7,8-trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)
	methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-
	nonyl)-amide;

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5	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
10	methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)- amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-dimethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide;
15	7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	8-fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-non-
20	6-enyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-non-6-enyl)-
	amide;
	7,8 difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
25	8-fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	4(S)hydroxy-2(R)-(3-methyl-butyl)-6-phenyl-5(S)-[(quinoxaline-2(R)-carbonyl)-
	amino]-hexanoic acid;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-nonyl)-
30	amide;
	2-{2(S)-hydroxy-4-phenyl-3(S)-{(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino]-butyl}-N1, N4-
	dimethyl-succinamide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4-ethylcarbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
35	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methy
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide;

hydroxy-butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-7-fluoro-5 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; 7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-10 phenethyl-octyl)-amide; 7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-fluorobenzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-[4(R)-(3-methyl-butyl)-5-oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2-15 yl]-2(S)-phenyl-ethyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(4methyl-piperazine-1-carbonyl)-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-(tetrahydro-pyran-4(R)-yl)-pentyl]-amide; 20 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(piperidine-1-carbonyl)-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(morpholine-4(R)-carbonyl)-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(3-25 morpholin-4-yl-propionyl)-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-3-(2-carbamoyl-indan-2-yl)-2(S)-hydroxypropyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-7phenyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide; 30 quinoline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7methyl-octyl)-amide; 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-2(S)-35 hydroxy-butyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-2(S)-

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5	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-2(S)-
	hydroxy-butyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclopentyl-2(S)-
	hydroxy-butyl)-amide;
	quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
10	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	N-1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-5-bromo-
	nicotinamide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1-(2(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-
	7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
15	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(4-
	isopropyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiophen-
20	2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiazol-
	4(R)-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-
	(3,3,5,5-tetramethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
25	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-indan-
	2-yl-butyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-cycloheptyl-2(S)-
	hydroxy-butyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-propyl-
30	octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-propyl-
	oct-5-enyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2,7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-
	octyl)-amide;
35	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide;

5	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-6-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-
	methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-6-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-
	hept-6-enyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-6-cyclopropyl-2(S)-
0	hydroxy-hexyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-6-cyclopropyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-hexyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(4-
	methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
15	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-indan-
	2-yl-butyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-(4-
	trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-2(S)-
20	hydroxy-pentyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-
	hept-6-enyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-
	hept-6-enyl)-amide;
25	3-Hydroxy-quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-benzylcarbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
30	
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-8,8-trifluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-
	methylcarbamoyl-7-trifluoromethyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-8,8-trifluoro-2(S)-hydroxy
	7-trifluoromethyl-octyl)-amide;
35	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-1(S)-(4
	methylcarbamoyl-benzyl)-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-ethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-
	heptyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-5 (tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2(R)-pyridin-2-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-(3,4-dimethoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide; 10 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methoxyhexyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxyoct-6-enyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-15 methylcarbamoyl-oct-6-enyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(3,5-dimethylcyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide; 20 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-methyl-octyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-phenoxy-25

hexyl)-amide;
quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-

isopropoxy-hexyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[2-30 (4-sulfamoyl-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-octyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-{(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl}-octyl}-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4-(2-ethylsulfanyl-ethylcarbamoyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2-methoxy-ethylcarbamoyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2-pyridin-3-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide:

5	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2-
	pyridin-4(R)-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-6-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-6-tert-butoxy-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-
10	hydroxy-hexyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[2-
	1(S)-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-octyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(1,1-dioxo-hexahydro-
	thiopyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;
15	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-(6-
	methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-methyl-octyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2-methoxy-
	benzylcarbamoyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(3-methoxy-
20	benzylcarbamoyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2-
	thiophen-2-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-(1H-indol-
	3-yl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-methyl-octyl}-amide;
25	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4(R)-[2-(4-amino-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-1(S)-
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-
	ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(3,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-
30	ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-4(R)-[(furan-2-ylmethyl)-
	carbamoyl]-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(2,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-
	ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide;
35	
	benzylcarbamoyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-6-cyclohexyloxy-2(S)-
	hydroxy-hexyl)-amide;

	•
5	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4(R)-[(1H-benzoimidazol-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-1(S)-
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2(S)-
	hydroxymethyl-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-
0	[(tetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-
	cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-(2,3-dimethoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7-
	fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
15	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-
	hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-
	tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-
20	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
	N-1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-5,6-dichloro-
	nicotinamide;
25	benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	cinnoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-1-(4-iodo-
30	benzyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	6,7,8-trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
35	quinoline-6-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-
	methyl-octyl)-amide;
	isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-

methyl-octyl)-amide;

2-methoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-5 hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; 1H-benzoimidazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-10 7-methyl-octyl)-amide; 5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-pyridin-3yl-pentyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-15 hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxybutyl)-amide; quinoline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-20 butyl)-amide; fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)hydroxy-butyl)-amide; N-(1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-5,6-dichloronicotinamide; N-(1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-5-bromo-25 nicotinamide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1phenyl-octyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-pyridin-2yl-pentyl)-amide; 30 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxycyclohexyl)-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(4hydroxy-tetrahydro-thiopyran-4-yl)-butyl]-amide; 1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine-5-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-35 carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-

hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-5 methoxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; 7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(2-chloro-phenyl)-2(S)-10 hydroxy-pentyl]-amide; guinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-o-tolylpentyl)-amide; _quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-5phenyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-15 hydroxy-cyclopentyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-5-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-20 2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(2-fluoro-phenyl)-2(S)hydroxy-pentyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-cyclopentyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-25 hydroxy-3-methyl-cyclopentyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; N-(1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-5-bromo-30 nicotinamide; 8-Fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenylpentyl)-amide; 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide; quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-35 pentyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-

hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-5 (1-hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1hydroxy-cycloheptyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-cycloheptyl)-butyl]-amide; 10 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-2(S)hydroxy-pentyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-m-tolylpentyl)-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-isobutylcarbamoyl-butyl)-15 amide: quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(2hydroxy-adamantan-2-yl)-butylj-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(9hydroxy-bicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl)-butyl]-amide; 20 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(2-hydroxyadamantan-2-yl)-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(9-hydroxybicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl)-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-buty l]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-(3-25 methoxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1hydroxy-4-propyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-propyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]- amide; 30 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-(4methoxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(4-ethyl-1-hydroxycyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-35 hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide; quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-

(1-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-but yl]-amide;

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quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-1-hydroxy-
 5
           cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;
                           quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-
           dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
                            quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-
           dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
10
                                                                                                        4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-chloro-benzyl)-2(S),7-
                                                                                      acid
                            quinoxaline-2-carboxylic
            dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
                            quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3-chloro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-
            hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
                                                                                                                             (1S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-
                                                                                                           acid
                             7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic
15
            dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
                                                                                                                            (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-
                             6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic
                                                                                                            acid
             dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
                                                                                                   [1(S)-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-
                             quinoxaline-2-carboxylic
                                                                                    acid
             hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
 20
                             quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-
             7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
                             7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S),7-
             dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
                              N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-
 25
              nicotinamide:
                              quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2-chloro-benzyl)-2(S),7-
              dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
                              7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [(4R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-
              2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
  30
                                                                                                            [1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-
                                                                                          acid
                               quinoxaline-2-carboxylic
               hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
                                                                                                     (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-
                               quinoxaline-2-carboxylic
                                                                                       acid
               thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;
                                quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-
   35
                dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
                                quinoxaline-2-carboxylic\ acid\ \{1(S)-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-1,4-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7-difluoro-benzyl-2(S),7
                hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
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DESCRIPTION - AND DESCRIPTATE

5	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-
·	dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-
	naphthalen-1-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;
	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-
10	2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-
	naphthalen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-
	1(S)-naphthalen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;
15	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzo[b]thiophen-3-ylmethyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-
	2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(4-hydroxy-
	phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(3-hydroxy-
20	phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(2-hydroxy-
	phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(2-hydroxy-5-
	methyl-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;
25	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(2-hydroxy-3-
	methyl-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-5-(3-ethoxy-2-hydroxy-phenyl)-
	2-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(4-hydroxy-3,5-
30	dimethyl-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2,6-dihydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)
	amide;
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-hydroxy-5-(1-hydroxy-
	cyclohexyl)-pentyl]-amide;
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	2(S)-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-but yl]-amide; and
	quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-
	hydroxy-4-trifluoromethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide.

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The present invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (co-receptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis). in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising an amount of a compound of the formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

The present invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated or prevented by inhibiting MIP- 1α binding to the receptor CCR1 in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising an amount of a compound of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. Examples of such disorders and conditions are those enumerated in the preceding paragraph.

The present invention also relates to a method for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (co-receptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis) in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment or prevention an amount of a compound of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, that is effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition.

The present invention also relates to a method for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated or prevented by antagonizing the CCR1 receptor in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment or

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5 prevention an amount of a compound of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, that is effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition.

The present invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (co-receptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis) in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising a CCR1 receptor antagonizing effective amount of a compound of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

The present invention also relates to a pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated or prevented by antagonizing the CCR1 receptor in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising a CCR1 receptor antagonizing effective amount of a compound of the formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

The present invention also relates to a method for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (co-receptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis) in a mammal, preferably a human, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment or prevention a CCR1 receptor antagonizing effective amount of a compound of formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

This invention also encompasses pharmaceutical compositions containing and methods of treating or preventing comprising administering prodrugs of compounds of the

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formula I. Compounds of formula I having free amino, amido, hydroxy or carboxylic groups can be converted into prodrugs. Prodrugs include compounds wherein an amino acid residue, or a polypeptide chain of two or more (e.g., two, three or four) amino acid residues which are covalently joined through peptide bonds to free amino, hydroxy or carboxylic acid groups of compounds of formula I. The amino acid residues include the 20 naturally occurring amino acids commonly designated by three letter symbols and also include, 4-hydroxyproline, hydroxylysine, demosine, isodemosine, 3-methylhistidine, norvalin, beta-alanine, gamma-aminobutyric acid, citrulline homocysteine, homoserine, ornithine and methionine sulfone. Prodrugs also include compounds wherein carbonates, carbamates, amides and alkyl esters which are covalently bonded to the above substituents of formula I through the carbonyl carbon prodrug sidechain. Prodrugs also include compounds of formula I in which the secondary amide and its \(\mathcal{G} \)-hydroxy when taken together form a group of the formula

$$R^{1} \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} O \\ N \\ V \\ O \\ (CH_{2})_{b} \end{array}} R^{2} \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{c} O \\ NR^{4}R^{5} \end{array}}$$

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wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 and R^5 are as defined in formula I and U and V are independently carbonyl, methylene, SO_2 or SO_3 , and b is an integer from one to three wherein each methylene group is optionally substituted with hydroxy.

Detailed Description of the Invention

Compounds of the formula I may be prepared according to the following reaction schemes and discussion. Unless otherwise indicated g, n, m, p, and R¹ through R⁶ and structural formula I in the reaction Schemes and discussion that follow are as defined above.

Scheme 1 refers to the preparation of compounds of the formula I having the exact stereochemistry

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Compounds of the formula la and lb, or any of the intermediates thereof, can be separated by column chromatography according to methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, to yield pure compounds of the formula la and lb.

Referring to Scheme 1, compounds of the formula I, wherein either or both R⁴ or R⁵ are other than hydrogen, are prepared from compounds of the formula II (i.e. IIa and IIb) by reaction with a compound of the formula R⁴R⁵NH in a polar solvent at a temperature from about 0°C to about 100°C, preferably the boiling point of the solvent used, i.e. 65°C when methanol is the solvent. Suitable solvents include, alcohols, such as methanol, ethanol, or butanols or ethers such as glyme or dioxane (an acid catalyst is preferably used with an ether solvent). Preferably the solvent is dioxane.

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Alternatively, compounds of formula I, wherein either or both R⁴ and R⁵ are hydrogen, can be prepared from compounds of formula II, (i.e. IIa and IIb) by reaction with ammonia or another volatile amine in a polar solvent at a temperature from about -10°C to about 35°C, preferably at about 30°C. Suitable solvents include, alcohols, such as methanol, ethanol, or butanols; or ethers such as glyme or dioxane (an acid catalyst may be used with an ether solvent). Preferably the solvent is methanol.

Compounds of formula II are prepared by coupling a compound of formula III (i.e. IIIa and IIIb) with an acid of the formula R¹CO₂H. Such a coupling reaction is generally conducted at a temperature of about -30°C to about 80°C, preferably about 0°C to about 25°C. Examples of suitable coupling reagents which activate the carboxylic acid functionality are dicyclohexylcarbodiimide/hydroxybenzotriazole (DCC/HBT), N-3-dimethylaminopropyl-N'-ethylcarbodiimide (EDC)/HBT, 2-ethyoxy-1-ethoxycarbonyl-1,2-dihydroquinoline (EEDQ), carbonyl diimidazole (CDI)/dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP), and diethylphosphorylcyanide. The coupling is conducted in an inert solvent, preferably an

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aprotic solvent, such as acetonitirile, dichloromethane, chloroform, and dimethylformamide.

The preferred solvent is dichloromethane.

For a discussion of other conditions used for amide coupling see Houben-Weyl, Vol. XV, part II, E. Wunsch, Ed., George Theime Veriag, 1974, Stuttgart, and those described in M. Bodanszky. Principles of Peptide Synthesis, Springer-Verlag, Berlin (1984) and The Peptides, Analysis, Synthesis and Biology (ed. E. Gross and J. Meienhofer), Vois 1-5. (Academic Press, New York) 1979-1983.

The compounds of formula III, wherein R^3 is (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n-1}$, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$, or aryl- $(CH_2)_n$, or aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ can be prepared by deprotection of compounds of the formula IV (i.e. IVa and IVb). Suitable protecting groups, of the formula P, include carbobenzyloxy, t-butoxy carbonyl or 9-fluorenyl-methylenoxy carbonyl.

For example:

- (a) If the protecting group, P, of the compound of the formula IV is carbobenzyloxy, the latter may be removed by hydrogenation with a nobel metal catalyst such as palladium or palladium hydroxide on carbon in the presence of hydrogen. The hydrogenation is generally conducted at a temperature of about 0°C to about 100°C, preferably about 20°C to 50°C.
- (b) If the protecting group, P, is t-butoxycarbonyl group, such group may be removed by acidolysis. Acidolysis may be conducted with HCl in dioxane or with trifluoracetic acid in methylene chloride at a temperature of about -30°C to about -70°C, preferably about -5°C to about 35°C.
- (c) If the protecting group, P, is 9-fluorenylmethylenoxycarbonyl, such group may be removed by treatment with an amine base, preferably piperidine. This reaction may be run in piperidine as solvent at 10°C to about 100°C, preferably at 25°C.

Compounds of the formula III, wherein R^3 is substituted (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$ or (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$ may be prepared from compounds of the formula IV, wherein R^3 is (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$ or (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^-}$, wherein one of the carbon-carbon single bonds is replaced by a carbon-carbon double bond, by methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Specifically, one example of introduction of substitution into the R^3 group, a compound of formula III, wherein R^3 is (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl substituted by one to three fluoro groups can be prepared from compounds of the formula IV, wherein R^3 is (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, wherein one of the carbon-carbon single bonds of said (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl has been replaced by a carbon-carbon double bond, by reaction with hydrogen fluoride in pyridine (i.e. pyridinium poly(hydrogen

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fluoride), in a reaction inert solvent. Suitable solvents include cyclohexane, toluene or benzene, preferably benzene. The aforesaid reaction is run at a temperature from about - 78°C to about 35°C. Preferably, this reaction is carried out in benzene at about 25°C.

Compounds of the formula IV , wherein R³ is (C₁-C₁₀)alkyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl-(CH₂)₀-, (C₂-C₀)heterocycloalkyl-(CH₂)₀-, (C₂-C₀)heterocycloalkyl-(CH₂)₀- or aryl-(CH₂)₀-, wherein n is other than zero, can be prepared by reaction of a compound of formula V with a compound of the formula R³-L, wherein L is a leaving group, in the presence of a strong base in an aprotic polar solvent. Suitable leaving groups include chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, mesylate, triflate or tosylate. Preferably, the leaving group is a triflate, iodide or bromide. Triflates may be easily prepared according to the method of Beard, et al., J Org Chem., 38, 3673 (1973). Suitable bases include lithium dialkyl amides such as lithium N-isopropyl-N-cyclohexylamide or potassium hydride. Suitable solvents include ethers (such as THF, glyme or dioxane) benzene or toluene, preferably THF. The aforesaid reaction is conducted at about -78°C to about 0°C, preferably at about -78°C.

Alternatively, compounds of the formula IV, wherein R^3 is (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - or (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - can be prepared by reaction of a compound of formula V with an aldehyde or ketone precursor of R^3 in an aldol condensation. For example, a compound of the formula V can be reacted with a compound of the formula R^3 (=O) in the presence of a base, to form an aldol intermediate of the formula

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crycycin with necessoration

which may be isolated and taken on to final product or converted directly in the same reaction step to a compound of the formula IV by the loss of water. The degree of completion for the conversion of compounds of the formula II to the aldol product of formula I may be assessed using one or more analytical techniques, such as thin layer chromatography (tic) or mass spectrometry. In some instances it may be possible or desirable to isolate the intermediate of formula VI. In such case, the compound of formula VI may be converted into the compound of formula IV by the elimination of water using techniques which are familiar to those skilled in the art, for example, by heating to the reflux temperature a solution of the compound of formula VI

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in a solvent such as benzene, toluene or xylene, in the presence of a catalytic amount of phosphorous pentoxide, benzene- or p-toluene-sulfonic acid with provision for the removal of the water generated, preferably (methoxycarbonylsulfamoyl)-triethylammonium hydroxide (Burgess reagent). Such water removal techniques may involve the use of molecular sieves or a Dean-Stark trap to isolate the water created as an azeotrope with the solvent.

The aldol reaction is typically carried out in a polar solvent such as DMSO, DMF, tetrahydrofuran (THF), methanol or ethanol, at a temperature from about -78°C to about 80°C. Preferably, this reaction is carried out in THF at about -78°C. Suitable bases for use in the aldol formation step include potassium carbonate (K₂CO₃), sodium carbonate (Na₂CO₃), sodium hydride (NaH), sodium methoxide, potassium-tert.-butoxide, lithium diisopropylamide, pyrrolidine and piperidine. Lithium diisopropylamide is preferred. Aldol condensations are described in "Modern Synthetic Reactions," Herbert O. House, 2d. Edition, W.A. Benjamin, Menlo Park, California, 629-682 (1972), J. Org. Chem., 49, 2455 (1984), and Tetrahedron, 38 (20), 3059 (1982).

Compounds of the formula IV wherein R³ is unsaturated can be converted to saturated analogues by hydrogenating the compounds containing a carbon-carbon double bond, using standard techniques that are well known to those skilled in the art. For example, reduction of the double bond may be effected with hydrogen gas (H₂), using catalysts such as palladium on carbon (Pd/C), palladium on barium sulfate (Pd/BaSO₄), platinum on carbon (Pt/C), or tris(triphenylphosphine) rhodium chloride (Wilkinson's catalyst), in an appropriate solvent such as methanol, ethanol, THF, dioxane or ethyl acetate, at a pressure from about 1 to about 5 atmospheres and a temperature from about 10°C to about 60°C, as described in Catalytic Hydrogenation in Organic Synthesis, Paul Rylander, Academic Press Inc., San Diego, 31-63 (1979). The following conditions are preferred: Pd on carbon, methanol at 25°C and 50 psi of hydrogen gas pressure. This method also provides for introduction of hydrogen isotopes (i.e., deuterium, tritium) by replacing ¹H₂ with ²H₂ or ³H₂ in the above procedure.

An alternative procedure employing the use of reagents such as ammonium formate and Pd/C in methanol at the reflux temperature under an inert atmosphere (e.g., nitrogen or argon gas) is also effective in reducing the carbon-carbon double bond of compounds of the formula I. Another alternative method involves selective reduction of the carbon-carbon bond. This can be accomplished using samarium and iodine or samarium iodide (Sml₂) in methanol or ethanol at about room temperature, as described by R. Yanada et. al., Synlett., 443-4 (1995).

Compounds of the formula V can be prepared by methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art or are commercially available. Specifically, compounds of the formula

Va and Vb (shown below) can be prepared by the method of Fray et al., (J. Org. Chem., 51, 4828-4833 (1986)) using an (S)-aldehyde of the formula

Compounds of the formula VII are prepared by reducing amino acids or amino esters to alcohols (Stanfield et al., J. Org. Chem. 46, 4799-4800 (1981), Soai et al., Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn., 57, 2327 (1984)) followed by oxidation of the alcohols to aldehydes of the formula VII (Luly et al., J.Org. Chem., 53 (26), 6109-6112 (1988) and Denis et al., J.Org. Chem., 56 (24), 6939-6942 (1991).) Un-natural amino acids can be prepared according to the method of Myers et al., Tet. Lett. 36, (1995) and Myers et al. J. Am. Chem. Soc., 117, 8488-8489 (1995).

Alternatively, compounds of the formula V can also be made by the method of DeCamp et al., (Tetrahedron Lett., 32, 1867 (1991)).

5 Compounds of the formula I, with the exact

stereochemistry

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$$R^2$$
 O NR^4R^5 or R^2 O NR^4R^5 le

can be prepared according to the methods of Scheme 1, using either the minor lactone diastereomer of the formula,

which can be prepared by the method of Fray, <u>supra</u>, from the (S)-aldehyde, or the alternate diastereomeric pair of the formula

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$$P - N \longrightarrow O$$

$$Vc$$

$$Vc$$

$$Vd$$

$$Vd$$

which can be prepared using the corresponding (R)-aldehyde according to the method of Fray, <u>supra</u>.

Aldehyde or ketone precursors of the group R³ are commercially available (e.g., cyclohexanone) or can be made by methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as described in J. Am. Chem. Soc., 90, 7001 (1968) and J. Org. Chem., 40, 574 (1975).

Unless indicated otherwise, the pressure of each of the above reactions is not critical. Generally, the reactions will be conducted at a pressure of about one to about three atmospheres, preferably at ambient pressure (about one atmosphere).

The compounds of the formula I which are basic in nature are capable of forming a wide variety of different salts with various inorganic and organic acids. Although such salts must be pharmaceutically acceptable for administration to animals, it is often desirable in practice to initially isolate a compound of the formula I from the reaction mixture as a pharmaceutically unacceptable salt and then simply convert the latter back to the free base compound by treatment with an alkaline reagent, and subsequently convert the free base to a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt. The acid addition salts of the base compounds of this invention are readily prepared by treating the base compound with a substantially equivalent amount of the chosen mineral or organic acid in an aqueous solvent medium or in a suitable organic solvent such as methanol or ethanol. Upon careful evaporation of the solvent, the desired solid salt is obtained.

The acids which are used to prepare the pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts of the base compounds of this invention are those which form non-toxic acid addition salts, i.e., salts containing pharmacologically acceptable anions, such as hydrochloride, hydrobromide, hydroiodide, nitrate, sulfate or bisulfate, phosphate or acid phosphate, acetate, lactate, citrate or acid citrate, tartrate or bitartrate, succinate, maleate, furnarate, gluconate, saccharate, benzoate, methanesulfonate and pamoate [i.e., 1,1'-methylene-bis-(2-hydroxy-3-naphthoate)] salts.

Those compounds of the formula I which are also acidic in nature, are capable of forming base salts with various pharmacologically acceptable cations. Examples of such salts include the alkali metal or alkaline-earth metal salts and particularly, the sodium and

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potassium salts. These salts are all prepared by conventional techniques. The chemical bases which are used as reagents to prepare the pharmaceutically acceptable base salts of this invention are those which form non-toxic base salts with the herein described acidic compounds of formula I. These non-toxic base salts include those derived from such pharmacologically acceptable cations as sodium, potassium, calcium and magnesium, etc.
These salts can easily be prepared by treating the corresponding acidic compounds with an aqueous solution containing the desired pharmacologically acceptable cations, and then evaporating the resulting solution to dryness, preferably under reduced pressure. Alternatively, they may also be prepared by mixing lower alkanolic solutions of the acidic compounds and the desired alkali metal alkoxide together, and then evaporating the resulting solution to dryness in the same manner as before. In either case, stoichiometric quantities of reagents are preferably employed in order to ensure completeness of reaction and maximum product yields.

Compounds of the formula I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts (hereinafter also referred to, collectively, as "the active compounds") are potent antagonists of the CCR1 receptors. The active compounds are useful in the treatment or prevention of autoimmune diseases (such as rheumatoid arthritis, type I diabetes (recent onset), inflammatory bowel disease, optic neuritis, psoriasis, multiple sclerosis, polymyalgia rheumatica, uveitis, and vasculitis), acute and chronic inflammatory conditions (such as osteoarthritis, adult respiratory distress syndrome, Respiratory Distress Syndrome of infancy, ischemia reperfusion injury, and glomerulonephritis), allergic conditions (such as asthma and atopic dermatitis), infection associated with inflammation (such as viral inflammation (including influenza and hepatitis) and Guillian-Barre), transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity (co-receptor usage), and granulomatous diseases (including sarcoidosis, leprosy and tuberculosis).

The activity of the compounds of the invention can be assessed according to procedures know to those of ordinary skill in the art. Examples of recognized methods for determining CCR1 induced migration can be found in Coligan, J. E., Kruisbeek, A.M., Margulies, D.H., Shevach, E.M., Strober, W. editors: Current Protocols In Immunology, 6.12.1-6.12.3. (John Wiley and Sons, NY, 1991). One specific example of how to determine the activity of a compound for inhibiting migration is described in detail below.

Chemotaxis Assay:

The ability of compounds to inhibit the chemotaxis to various chemokines can be evaluated using standard 48 or 96 well Boyden Chambers with a 5 micron polycarbonate filter. All reagents and cells can be prepared in standard RPMI (BioWhitikker Inc.) tissue

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culture medium supplemented with 1 mg/ml of bovine serum albumin. Briefly, MIP- 1α (Peprotech, Inc., P.O. Box 275, Rocky Hill NJ) or other test agonists, were placed into the lower chambers of the Boyden chamber. A polycarbonate filter was then applied and the upper chamber fastened. The amount of agonist chosen is that determined to give the maximal amount of chemotaxis in this system (e.g., 1 nM for MIP- 1α should be adequate).

THP-1 cells (ATCC TIB-202), primary human monocytes, or primary lymphocytes, isolated by standard techniques can then be added to the upper chambers in triplicate together with various concentrations of the test compound. Compound dilutions can be prepared using standard serological techniques and are mixed with cells prior to adding to the chamber.

After a suitable incubation period at 37 degrees centigrade (e.g. 3.5 hours for THP-1 cells, 90 minutes for primary monocytes), the chamber is removed, the cells in the upper chamber aspirated, the upper part of the filter wiped and the number of cells migrating can be determined according to the following method.

For THP-1 cells, the chamber (a 96 well variety manufactured by Neuroprobe) can be centrifuged to push cells off the lower chamber and the number of cells can be quantitated against a standard curve by a color change of the dye fluorocein diacetate.

For primary human monocytes, or lymphocytes, the filter can be stained with Dif Quik® dye (American Scientific Products) and the number of cells migrating can be determined microscopically.

The number of cells migrating in the presence of the compound are divided by the number of cells migrating in control wells (without the compound). The quotant is the % inhibition for the compound which can then be plotted using standard graphics techniques against the concentration of compound used. The 50% inhibition point is then determined using a line fit analysis for all concentrations tested. The line fit for all data points must have an coefficient of correlation (R squared) of > 90% to be considered a valid assay.

All of the compounds of the invention that were tested had IC $_{50}$ of less than $25\mu M_{\odot}$ in the Chemotaxis assay.

The compositions of the present invention may be formulated in a conventional manner using one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers. Thus, the active compounds of the invention may be formulated for oral, buccal, intranasal, parenteral (e.g., intravenous, intramuscular or subcutaneous) or rectal administration or in a form suitable for administration by inhalation or insufflation. The active compounds of the invention may also be formulated for sustained delivery.

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For oral administration, the pharmaceutical compositions may take the form of, for example, tablets or capsules prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically acceptable excipients such as binding agents (e.g., pregelatinized maize starch, polyvinylpyrrolidone or hydroxypropyl methylcellulose); fillers (e.g., lactose, microcrystalline cellulose or calcium phosphate); lubricants (e.g., magnesium stearate, talc or silica); disintegrants (e.g., potato starch or sodium starch glycolate); or wetting agents (e.g., sodium lauryl sulphate). The tablets may be coated by methods well known in the art. Liquid preparations for oral administration may take the form of, for example, solutions, syrups or suspensions, or they may be presented as a dry product for constitution with water or other suitable vehicle before use. Such liquid preparations may be prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically acceptable additives such as suspending agents (e.g., sorbitol syrup, methyl cellulose or hydrogenated edible fats); emulsifying agents (e.g., lecithin or acacia); non-aqueous vehicles (e.g., almond oil, oily esters or ethyl alcohol); and preservatives (e.g., methyl or propyl p-hydroxybenzoates or sorbic acid).

For buccal administration, the composition may take the form of tablets or lozenges formulated in conventional manner.

The active compounds of the invention may be formulated for parenteral administration by injection, including using conventional catheterization techniques or infusion. Formulations for injection may be presented in unit dosage form, e.g., in ampules or in multi-dose containers, with an added preservative. The compositions may take such forms as suspensions, solutions or emulsions in oily or aqueous vehicles, and may contain formulating agents such as suspending, stabilizing and/or dispersing agents. Alternatively, the active ingredient may be in powder form for reconstitution with a suitable vehicle, e.g., sterile pyrogen-free water, before use.

The active compounds of the invention may also be formulated in rectal compositions such as suppositories or retention enemas, e.g., containing conventional suppository bases such as cocoa butter or other glycerides.

For intranasal administration or administration by inhalation, the active compounds of the invention are conveniently delivered in the form of a solution or suspension from a pump spray container that is squeezed or pumped by the patient or as an aerosol spray presentation from a pressurized container or a nebulizer, with the use of a suitable propellant, e.g., dichlorodifluoromethane, trichlorofluoromethane, dichlorotetrafluoroethane, carbon dioxide or other suitable gas. In the case of a pressurized aerosol, the dosage unit may be determined by providing a valve to deliver a metered amount. The pressurized container or nebulizer may contain a solution or suspension of the active compound.

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5 Capsules and cartridges (made, for example, from gelatin) for use in an inhaler or insufflator may be formulated containing a powder mix of a compound of the invention and a suitable powder base such as lactose or starch.

A proposed dose of the active compounds of the invention for oral, parenteral or buccal administration to the average adult human for the treatment of the conditions referred to above (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis) is 0.1 to 1000 mg of the active ingredient per unit dose which could be administered, for example, 1 to 4 times per day.

Aerosol formulations for treatment of the conditions referred to above (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis) in the average adult human are preferably arranged so that each metered dose or "puff" of aerosol contains 20 μg to 1000 μg of the compound of the invention. The overall daily dose with an aerosol will be within the range 0.1 mg to 1000 mg. Administration may be several times daily, for example 2, 3, 4 or 8 times, giving for example, 1, 2 or 3 doses each time.

The active agents can be formulated for sustained delivery according to methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Examples of such formulations can be found in United States Patents 3,538,214, 4,060,598, 4,173,626, 3,119,742, and 3,492,397.

The compounds of the invention can also be utilized in combination therapy with other therapeutic agents such as with immunosuppressant agents such as cyclosporin A and FK-506, Cellcept®, rapamycin, leuflonamide or with classical anti-inflammatory agents (e.g. cyclooxygenase/lipoxegenase inhibitors) such as tenidap, aspirin, acetaminophen, naproxen and piroxicam, steroids including prednisone, azathioprine and biological agents such as OKT-3, anti IL-2 monoclonal antibodies (such as TAC).

The following Examples illustrate the preparation of the compounds of the present invention. Melting points are uncorrected. NMR data are reported in parts per million (δ) and are referenced to the deuterium lock signal from the sample solvent (deuteriochloroform unless otherwise specified). Commercial reagents were utilized without further purification. THF refers to tetrahydrofuran. DMF refers to N,N-dimethylformamide. Chromatography refers to column chromatography performed using 32-63 mm silica gel and executed under nitrogen pressure (flash chromatography) conditions. Low Resolution Mass Spectra (LRMS) were recorded on either a Hewlett Packard 5989®, utilizing chemical ionization (ammonium), or a Fisons (or Micro Mass) Atmospheric Pressure Chemical Ionization (APCI) platform which uses a 50/50 mixture of acetonitrile/water with 0.1% formic acid as the ionizing agent. Room or ambient temperature refers to 20-25°C. All non-aqueous reactions were run under a nitrogen atmosphere for convenience and to maximize yields. Concentration at reduced pressure means that a rotary evaporator was used. The names

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for the compounds of the invention were created by the Autonom 2.0 PC-batch version from Beilstein Informationssysteme GmbH (ISBN 3-89536-976-4).

EXAMPLE 1

QUINOLINE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-CYCLOHEXYLMETHYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-6-METHYL-4(R)-METHYLCARBAMOYL-HEPTYL-6-ENYL)-AMIDE

10 METHOD A

QUINOLINE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID {1-[4-(2-METHYLPROPEN-2-YL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDROFURAN-2-YL]-2-CYCLOHEXYL-ETHYL}-AMIDE

To a solution of 1-{4-(2-methylpropen-2-yl)-[5-oxo-tetrahydrofuran-2-yl]-2cyclohexyl-ethyl)-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (302 mg, 0.83 mmol)(prepared according to the method of Fray, supra, except that (S)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-cyclohexyl-1propionaldehyde is the starting material aldehyde) in 15 mL of methylene chloride was added 1.5 mL of trifluoroacetic acid. The mixture was stirred at room temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere for 2 hours at which time the solvent was removed by azeotropic distillation under reduced pressure, using toluene as a cosolvent during the distillation. The resulting crude oil was dissolved in methylene chloride (5 mL) and quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (219 mg, 1.26 mmol), hydroxybenzotriazole (HOBT)(188 mg, 1.39 mmol), triethylamine (0.25 mL, 1.80 mmol) and N-3-dimethylaminopropyl-N'-ethylcarbodiimide (EDC)(248 mg, 1.29 mmol) was added. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The solution was transferred to a separatory funnel with 15 mL of methylene chloride and washed with 10% citric acid, saturated sodium bicarbonate and brine. The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate and the solvent removed in vacuo. The remaining crude oil was purified by silica gel chromatography eluting with 3:1 hexanes: ethyl acetate to provide quinoline-3-carboxylic acid {1(S)-[4(R)-(2-methylpropen-2-yl)-5-oxo-tetrahydrofuran-2(S)-yl]-2-cyclohexyl-ethyl)-amide as a white foam (236 mg, 67%).

LRMS: 421 (MH+); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.90-1.89 (m, 13H), 1.63 (s, 3H), 2.03-2.14 (m, 2H), 2.38 (m, 2H), 2.48 (d, 1H, J=14.6 Hz), 2.73 (m, 1H), 4.63 (m, 2H), 4.69 (s, 1H), 4.79 (s, 1H), 6.9 (brs, 1H), 7.59 (t, 1H, J=7.8 Hz), 7.77 (t, 1H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.88 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J=8.4 Hz), 8.67 (s, 1H), 9.37 (d, 1H, J=2.1 Hz).

METHOD B

QUINOLINE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-CYCLOHEXYLMETHYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-6-METHYL-4(R)-METHYLCARBAMOYL-HEPTYL-6-ENYL)-AMIDE

Methylamine was bubbled into a solution of the product from Method A (55 mg, 0.129 mmol) in methanol (2.5 mL). The solution was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature

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5 and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to provide the title compound (57 mg, 98%) as a pure white solid.

LRMS: 453 (MH+), 421, 283, 173; ^{1}H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.82-1.87 (m, 13H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 2.13 (dd, 1H, J=14.1, 8.7 Hz), 2.38 (d, 1H, J=14.2 Hz), 2.71 (d, 3H, J=4.7 Hz), 2.74 (m, 1H), 3.77 (d, 1H, J=8.7), 4.23 (br, 1H), 4.69 (s, 1H), 4.72 (s, 1H), 5.03 (brs, 1H), 6.60 (q, 1H, J=4.7Hz), 7.24 (d, 1H, J=9.3), 7.54 (t, 1H, J=7.1), 7.73 (t, 1H, J=7.1Hz), 7.81 (d, 1H, 1H

EXAMPLE 2

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-BENZYLCARBAMOYL-7-FLUORO-2(S)-HYDROXY-7-METHYL-OCTYL)-AMIDE ALLYLIC ALKYLATION

METHOD C:

{1(S)-[4(R)-(3-METHYL-BUT-2-ENYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2(S)-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL}-CARBAMIC ACID TERT-BUTYL ESTER

To a flame dried round bottom flask under a nitrogen atmosphere was added tetrahydrofuran (40 mL) followed by 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexamethyldisilazane (8 mL, 37.8/mmol). The mixture was cooled to 0°C and n-butyl lithium (14.5 mL of a 2.5 M solution in hexanes, 36.0 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes, then cooled to -78 °C in dry ice / acetone bath. {1(S)-[5-Oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (5 g, 16.4 mmol) (prepared by the method of Fray, J. Org. Chem., (51) 4828 (1986)) dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (50 mL) was added dropwise via syringe and stirring continued for 30 minutes. A solution of 4-bromo-2-methyl-2-butene (2.07 mL, 18.0 mmol) in 40 mL of THF was added dropwise via syringe. Stirring was continued for 3 hours during which time the temperature rose to -60°C. The mixture was quenched by slow addition of saturated, aqueous ammonium chloride (25 mL). Upon warming to room temperature, the solution was diluted with ether (300 mL) and transferred to a separatory funnel. The organic phase was washed with saturated aqueous citric acid (2x100mL), saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO3)(2x100mL), and 100 mL brine. The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate (MgSO₄) and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. Thin layer chromatography in 1:2 hexane/diethyl ether (Et₂O) revealed product with an R_f of 0.8. The resulting crude oil was chromatographed on silica gel (225g) eluting with 2:1 hexanes/diethyl ether to provide 4.73 g (77%) of the title compound. Hexanes/Et₂O R_f: 0.8. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27 ppm (5H, m), 5.02 (1H, b), 4.52 (1H, d, J=9.3 Hz), 4.42 (1H, t, J=7.1 Hz), 3.98 (1H, dt, J= 8.5, 7.8 Hz), 2.93 (2H, m), 2.88

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(1H, b), 2.68 (1H, m), 2.41 (1H, m), 2.24 (1H, m), 1.92 (1H, m), 1.65 (3H,s), 1.58 (3H,s), 1.37 (9H, s).

METHOD D

5(S)-(1(S)-AMINO-2-PHENYL-ETHYL)-3(R)-(3-FLUORO-3-METHYL-BUTYL)-DIHYDRO-FURAN-2-ONE

To a solution of product from Method C (9.81 g, 26.3 mmol) in dry benzene (300 mL) was added HF•pyridine (88 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at ambient temperature for 4 hours, then transferred to a 4 L beaker. To this was added ice, and the pH was slowly adjusted to 8-9 by addition of 2 M aqueous sodium hydroxide (NaOH_{aq}). The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (EtOAc) and the organics dried over magnesium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated. Chromatography on silica gel yielded the title compound (5.68 g, 74%).

METHOD E

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-[4(R)-(3-FLUORO-3-METHYL-BUTYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2(S)-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL)-AMIDE

To a solution of quinoxaline carboxylic acid (5.05 g, 29.0 mmol) in methylene chloride (100 mL) was added dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) (3.55 g, 29.0 mmol) and EDCI (5.55 g, 29.0 mmol). The solution was stirred 10 minutes, then the product from Method D, above, (5.68 g, 19.4 mmol) was added in one portion. The solution was stirred for 12 hours, then diluted with diethyl ether and washed with saturated aqueous brine. The organics were dried over magnesium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated. The crude product was purified by silica gel chromatography to yield the title compound (5.62 g, 64%).

METHOD F

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-BENZYLCARBAMOYL-7-FLUORO-2(S)-HYDROXY-7-METHYL-OCTYL)-AMIDE

To a solution of the product from Method E (0.10 g, 0.22 mmol) in dioxane (2 mL) was added glacial acetic acid (0.038 mL, 0.66 mmol) and benzylamine (approx. 1 mL, excess). The resulting solution was warmed to reflux for 1 hour, cooled to ambient temperature and diluted with water. The solution was extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organics were dried over magnesium sulfate (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated. Chromatography on silica gel, followed by recrystallization from methylene chloride/hexanes gave the title compound (0.068 g, 56%). m.p. 183 -184 °C.

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EXAMPLE 3

METHOD F'

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1-BENZYL-7-FLUORO-2-HYDROXY-4-HYDROXYCARBAMOYL-7-METHYL-OCTYL)-AMIDE

Hydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.55g, 22.4 mmol) and KOH (1.51g, 26.7 mmol) were combined in anhydrous methanol (20 mL) and stirred for 30 minutes under a dry nitrogen atmosphere, and then filtered. To the resulting filtrate was added the product from Method E (500 mg, 1.17 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 16 hours at room temperature. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue solvated in EtOAc (50 mL) and transferred to a separated funnel. The organic layer was washed with water and brine and dried (MgSO4). After filtration the solvent was removed in vacuo and the remaining residue recrystallized (methylene chloride/Hexanes) to give a pale yellow solid (330 mg, 58%) m.p. 165-166°C

EXAMPLE 4

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-CARBAMOYL-2(S)-

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HYDROXY-7-METHYL-OCTYL)-AMIDE

METHOD G

ALKENE HYDROGENATION

(1(S)-[4(R)-(3-METHYL-BUTYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2(S)-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL)-CARBAMIC ACID TERT-BUTYL ESTER

The product from Method C, from Example 2 above, (3.0 g, 8.04 mmol) was placed in a 250 mL Parr Shaker bottle and dissolved in ethanol (50 mL). Under a nitrogen atmosphere, Palladium (Pd) on activated carbon (0.30 g, 10% Pd content) was added to the solution. The mixture was placed on a Parr Shaker hydrogenator at 50 psi for 5 hours at room temperature. The hydrogenation mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then poured through a Celite® pad while washing copiously with ethyl acetate. The solvent of the filtrate was removed *in vacuo* to yield the title compound, 2.63 g (88%).

 1 H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.27 (5H, m), 4.54 (1H, d, J=9.8 Hz), 4.46 (1H, t, J=6.9), 4.0 (1H, dt), 2.89 (2H, d, J=8.1), 2.57 (1H, m), 2.32 (1H, b), 1.89 (1H, m), 1.79 (1H, m), 1.52 (2H, m), 1.37 (9H, s), 1.23 (2H, m), 0.86 (6H, d, J=6.6 Hz).

The product from Method G was converted into the title compound by procedures analogous to those of Methods A and B except that quinoline-3-carboxylic acid is replaced with quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid and methylamine is replaced with ammonia gas to yield 0.095 g (72%) of the title compound.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 9.61(1H, s), 8.32 (1H, d, *J*=8.9 Hz), 8.16 (2H, m), 7.86 (2H,m), 7.28 (10H, m), 7.19 (1H, m), 5.70 (1H, b), 5.29 (1H, b), 4.27 (1H, m), 8.21 (1H, d, *J*=4.4 Hz), 3.91 (1H, m), 3.11 (2H, m), 2.46 (1H, m), 1.74 (1H, t, *J*=6.4 Hz), 1.61 (1H, m), 1.42 (2H, m), 1.17 (1H, m), 1.09 (1H, m), 0.81 (3H, d, *J*=7.1 Hz), 0.79 (3H, d, *J*=7.1 Hz). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃):d 179.11, 163.73, 143.90, 143.76, 143.15, 140.28, 137.96, 131.68, 130.84, 129.84, 129.44, 129.25, 128.58, 126.60, 68.55, 55.90, 43.44, 38.39, 36.90, 36.70, 29.77, 28.03, 22.42

EXAMPLE 5

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID 1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-CARBAMOYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-7.7-DIMETHYL-OCTYL)-AMIDE

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<u>METHOD H</u>

TRIFLATE ALKYLATION

{1-[4-(3,3-DIMETHYL-BUTYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL}-CARBAMIC ACID TERT-BUTYL ESTER

To a flame dried round bottom flask under a nitrogen atmosphere was added terahydrofuran (THF) (2 mL) and 1,1,1,3,3,3 hexamethyldisilazane (0.82 mL, 3.88 mmol). The mixture was cooled to 0°C and n-butyl tithium (1.48 mL of a 2.5 M solution in hexanes, 3.72 mmol) was added dropwise via syringe. The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes and then cooled to -78°C. {1(S)-[5-Oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.52 g, 1.69 mmol prepared by the method of Fray, supra) dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (2 mL) was slowly added to the solution via syringe and the solution was stirred for 1 hour. A solution of the desired triflate, i.e. 3,3-dimethylbutyl triflate (0.92 g, 3.37 mmol)(prepared according to the method of Beard, et al., J Org Chem., 38, 3673 (1973)) in tetrahydrofuran (2 mL) was added dropwise via syringe and the mixture was stirred for 2 hours at -78°C. The mixture was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous ammonium chloride (NH₄Cl) (25 mL). Upon warming to room temperature, the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (40 mL), transferred to a separatory funnel, and washed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl (2x40 mL), saturated NaHCO₃ (2x40 mL), and brine (40 mL). The organic layers were dried (MgSO₄) and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The resulting crude oil was chromatographed on silica gel (25g) eluting with 100 mL 5:1 hexanes/ethyl acetate followed by 400 mL 4:1 hexanes/ethyl acetate. This provided 0.36 g (50%) of the title compound.

TLC: (4:1 hexanes/ethyl acetate) R_i : 0.3. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.25 (m, 7H), 6.92 (t, 1H, J= 7.5 Hz), 6.85 (d, 2H, J= 8.1 Hz), 4.67 (d, 2H, J= 6.0 Hz), 4.49 (t, 1H, J=

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5 9.6 Hz), 4.06 (m, 3H), 2.89 (m, 3H), 2.43 (m, 1H), 2.26 (m, 1H), 2.05 (m, 1H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.37 (s, 9H).

The product of Method H was converted to the title compound by procedures analogous to those of Methods A and B, from Example 1, except that quinoline-3-carboxylic acid is replaced with quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid and methylamine is replaced with ammonia gas.

EXAMPLE 6

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID [1(S)-BENZYL-4(S)-CARBAMOYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-4-(1-HYDROXY-CYCLOHEXYL)-BUTYL]-AMIDE AND

QUINOXALINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID [1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-CARBAMOYL-2(S)
HYDROXY-4-(1-HYDROXY-CYCLOHEXYL)-BUTYL]-AMIDE

METHOD I

(1(S)-[4(S)-(1-HYDROXY-CYCLOHEXYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2(S)-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL)-CARBAMIC ACID TERT-BUTYL ESTER

To a solution of diisopropylamine (0.90 mL, 6.88 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at 0°C was added a solution of n-butyl lithium (2.7 mL, 6.71 mmol, 2.5 M in hexanes). The solution was stirred for 15 minutes, then cooled to - 78 °C. To this was added dropwise a solution of {1(S)-[5-Oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (1.0 g, 3.27 mmol prepared as in example 2, method C) in tetrahydrofuran (10 mL) and the reaction was stirred an additional 30 minutes. To this was added the appropriate ketone, e.g., cyclohexanone) (0.37 mL, 3.60 mmol), and the solution was warmed to ambient temperature. The reaction was quenched by addition of saturated aqueous bicarbonated NaHCO₃) solution and the mixture extracted with diethyl ether. The combined organics were dried over magnesium sulfate (MgSO4), filtered and concentrated. Chromatography on silica gel gave a mixture of separable diastereomers of {[1(S)-[4(S)-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-5-oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.687 g) and {1(S)-[4(R)-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-5-oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.269 g) in 67 % overall yield.

The products from Method I were converted to the title compounds by procedures analogous to those of Methods A and B, from Example 1, except that quinoline-3-carboxylic acid is replaced with quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid and methylamine is replaced with ammonia gas.

EXAMPLE 7

FLUORO-QUINOLINE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-BENZYL-4(S)-CARBAMOYL-4-CYCLOHEXYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-BUTYL)-AMIDE AND

FLUORO-QUINOLINE-3-CARBOXYLIC ACID (1(S)-BENZYL-4(R)-CARBAMOYL-4-CYCLOHEXYL-2(S)-HYDROXY-BUTYL)-AMIDE

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METHOD J

{1(S)-[4(S)-(1-HYDROXY-CYCLOHEXYL)-5-OXO-TETRAHYDRO-FURAN-2(S)-YL]-2-PHENYL-ETHYL)-CARBAMIC ACID TERT-BUTYL ESTER

To a solution of the title compound from Method I, Example 5, (1.38 g, 3.42 mmol) in benzene (40 mL) was added (methoxycarbonylsulfamoyl)-triethylammonium hydroxide, inner salt (Burgess reagent) (1.30 g, 5.47 mmol) and the solution was warmed to reflux for 2 hours. The reaction was diluted with diethyl ether and washed with saturated aqueous brine. The organics were dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated to give the crude elimination product. This was directly dissolved in 5:1 tetrahydrofuran/methanol (THF/MeOH)(30 mL) and transferred to a Parr flask containing 10% palladium on carbon (Pd/C) (1 g). The mixture was hydrogenated at 35 psi for 1.5 hours, then filtered through a pad of Celite and the filtrate concentrated. Chromatography on silica gel yielded the title compound as a mixture of separable diastereomers {1(S)-[4(S)-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-5-oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.53 g) and {1(S)-[4(R)-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-5-oxo-tetrahydro-furan-2(S)-yl]-2-phenyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (0.29 g) in 62 % overall yield.

The products from Method J were converted to the title compounds by procedures analogous to those of Methods A and B, from Example 1, except that quinoline-3-carboxylic acid is replaced with quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid and methylamine is replaced with ammonia gas.

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EXAMPLES 8-312

The compounds from Table 1 were prepared according to the methods described above, substituting where appropriate the correct R² aldehyde, R³ group (such as allylic halide, alkyl triflate, ketone, etc.), R¹ carboxylic acid or R⁴ and R⁵ amine where appropriate.

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
8.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6- methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)- amide		455
9.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (6-chloro-1-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)- hydroxy-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6- enyl)-amide		
10.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-isobutyl-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	155-157	414
11.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-sec-butyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	69-71	415
12.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6- methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6- enyl)-amide		452
13.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6- methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6- enyl)-amide		453
14.	N-1(S)-Cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)- hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5-phenyl- nicotinamide	115-119	
15.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)- benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	162-163	
16.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-4(R)- dimethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6- methyl-hept-6-enyl)-amide		467
17.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6- methyl-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)- amide	171-175	453, 436
18.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6- methyl-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)- amide		455, 437
19.	Isoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	180-182	454
20.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide	186-188	440, 478, 423

EVALE: E	TABLE 1	44.0 (00)	1.5
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
21.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (5-	170.5-172.5	494
	cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		
	amide		
22.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-		454
	cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-	1	
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		
	amide		
23.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	200-201.5	454
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-	Ì	
	methyl-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		
	amide		
24.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	199-200.5	488
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-	İ	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-		
	pentyl)-amide		
25.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	109-110.5	489
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-	1	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-		i ⁻
	pentyl)-amide		
26.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	142-144	490.
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-2(S)-		417
	hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide		
27.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	148-150	488,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl-		417
	2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide		
28.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	158-162	524,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-benzylcarbamoyl-		417
	2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide		l
29.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	174-179	474
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-		1
	cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		,
	methyl-heptyl)-amide		
30.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	190-192.5	448
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		i
31.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	175-176	462
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-6-methyl-heptyl)-amide		1
32.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid		476
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		1
33.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	158-162	478
55 ,	[1-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2-		1
	hydroxy-ethylcarbamoyl)-6-methyl-		
	heptyl]-amide		-
34.	Cinnoline-4(R)-carboxylic acid	185-186.5	449
ψ 1 .	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	_	1
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	1	1

Isoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	M.P. (°C) 200-201	440
		448
1 1(S)-penzvi-2(S)-nvgroxy-6-metriyi-		
4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	166-167	449
	184 5-185 5	478
	104.0 100.0	" -
		1
		454
		1,00
	•	
	106-107	554
	150-157	004
	179-170	555
	170-173	333
	179 170	448
	170-179	1770
	400 100	448
	109-192	1 440
1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-nydroxy-b-metnyl-		
	165 167	448
	100-107	440
	000 5 000 5	464
	220.5-222.5	404
[2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-hydroxy-benzyl)-		ļ
		İ
	100 101 5	
	160-161.5	449
	-	
		117
Naphthalene-2-carboxylic acid	218-220	447
1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	1	İ
4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	1	
Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	172-174	486
hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-	1	
amide		
Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	153-154	504
[1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
		4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide N-1(S)-Benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5- bromo-nicotinamide Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(R)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(R)-hydroxy-6- methyl-4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)- amide Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(4-benzyloxy-benzyl)-2(S)- hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide, Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide Isoquinoline-1-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide Quinoline-4-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide Naphthalene-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide

EVAMOLE	TABLE 1	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
EXAMPLE		157-163	449
49 .	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	137-103	449
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		1
	4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	168-170	596
50.	Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid	100-170	350
	4-{3(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-		ļ
	methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-{(quinoline-3-		-
	carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-		
	phenyl ester		597
51.	Trifluoro-methanesulfonic acid		397
	4-(3(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-[(quinoxaline-		
	2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-phenyl ester	405 407	400
52.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	185-187	488
	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide	400.404	- 100
53.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	132-134	489,
	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		471
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide	450 5 454 5	400
54.	Isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid	150.5-151.5	488
	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide		540
55.	N-1(S)-Benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-	199-200.5	518
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		
_	5-bromo-nicotinamide	<u> </u>	470
56.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-	}	472
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		
	prop-2-ynylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		1.50
57.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid		456,
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		438,
	4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-6-methyl-		423
	heptyl)-amide		170
58.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 2(S)-	176-177	478
	hydroxy-1(S)-(4-methoxy-benzyl)-6-		1
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-		
	amide	 	
59.	Isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid (5-	205-207	494
	cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		
	amide,	 	
60.	5-Bromo-N-(5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-	173.5-175	444
	cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-nicotinamide		
61.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	1	479
	[2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-methoxy-		
	benzyl)-6-methyl-4(R)-	1	ļ
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide		 -
62.	Isoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid	220.5-224	494
-	(5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-		
	2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-		1
	pentyl)-amide	1	

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
63.	Quinotine-2-carboxylic acid	120-122	488
	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-	1	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide		
64.	Isoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid	177-180	488
	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-	·	1
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide,		
65.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	170-172	465
	[2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-hydroxy-benzyl)-		
	6-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-		
	heptyl]-amide,		
	J .		
66 .	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		496
	(5-cyclohexyl-1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-	•	
	2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-		i
	pentyl)-amide		
67.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	212.5-213.5	482
	[1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		-
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-		
	amide		
68.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		483
	[1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-		
	amide		122
69.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	173.5-175	468,
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		450
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-	·	
	amide		470
70.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	78-80	470
	1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		į
•	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-	1	
	amide	400.004	522
71.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	198-201	322
	[1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl-	-	
	2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-	}	
	pentyl]-amide	 	523
72.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		1 323
	[1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl-		
	2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-		İ
	pentyl]-amide	 	522
73.	Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid		322
	[1(S)-(4-chloro-benzyl)-5-cyclohexyl-		1
	2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-		
	pentyl]-amide	181-183	437
74.	Benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid	101-103	73'
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	-	1
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	195-196	466,
75.	N-1(S)-Benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-5,6-	133-130	432
			102
	dichloro-nicotinamide		

EVANDIE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
EXAMPLE	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	188-190	462
76.	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide		}
	N-1(S)-Benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	188-189	490
77.	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-5-bromo-	100 100	
			ļ
	nicotinamide	142,5-144.5	452
78.	5,6,7,8-Tetrahydro-quinoline-3-	142.0 (34.0	, , , _
	carboxylic acid		
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	147-149	463
79.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	141-140	''
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	•	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide	156-158	462
80.	Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid	130-130	"
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide,	199-202	462
81.	Isoquinoline-4-carboxylic acid	133-404	102
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide		517,
82.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		483
	[1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-2(S)-		1 -10,0
	hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide	179-181	453
83.	Benzo[b]thiophene-2-carboxylic acid	11/2-101	455
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	225-226.5	462
84.	2-Methyl-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	225-220.5	702
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	1	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	211-214	508
85.	6,7-Dimethoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic	211-214	1 300
	acid	1	
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	107 100	484,
86.	6,7-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	187-189	466
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		700
•	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	126 140	437
87.	1H-Benzoimidazole-2-carboxylic acid	136-140	737
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	171.5-172.5	413
88.	5-Methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid	1/1.5-1/2.5	1713
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	104 106	466
89.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	184-186	400
	[1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6-	·	
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-		
	amide	450.450	467
90.	Ouinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	153-156	407
	[11(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-6	-	1
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-		
	amide		

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
91.	5-Chloro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid	245-247	470
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		1
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
92.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	194-194.5	449,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		432
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
93.	2-Methoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	175-181	478
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide,		
94.	5,6-Dichloro-1H-benzoimidazole-2-	114-117	505
	carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-		
** *	hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		1
	methylcarbarnoyl-heptyl)-amide	·	
95.	Benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid	86-89	454
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
96.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	179-182	484
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		
97.	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic	156-161	502,
	acid	<u> </u>	484
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide	107.100	470
98.	5,8-Dimethyl-quinoline-3-carboxylic	197-199	476
	acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-		
	methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		
	amide	103-106	505
99.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	103-106	1 303
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-2(S)-		
100	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	 	516
100.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid		3.0
	[1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-benzyl)-2(S)- hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide		
101.	5,6,7,8-Tetrahydro-quinoline-3-	169.5-172.5	466
101.	carboxylic acid	105.5-172.5	1,00
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide		
102.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	176-178	474
102.	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-	1	1
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		
	amide		1
103.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	120-122	475
,00.	1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		
	amide		
104.	N-1(S)-Benzyl-5-cyclopentyl-2(S)-	194-198	504
, - ;;	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-		1
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyi-pentyi)- 5-bromo-nicotinamide		

EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
105.	5,6,7,8-Tetrahydro-quinoline-3-	143-146	478
	carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-		
	cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide,		
106.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	217-219	461,
100.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-		444
	cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide		
107.	6,7-Dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-	154.5-156	452.
107.	carboxylic acid		349
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	ľ	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide		
108.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	95-98	491,
100.	[1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-		473
	2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-heptyl]-amide		
109.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	95-98	506,
109.	[1(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl)-	0000	488
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide		İ
110.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	129-133	478
110.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-2(S)-	1.20	
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
111.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	125-130	492
i I 1.	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	1.20	1
	4(R)-propylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide	1.	l
112.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	168-169	490,
112.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-	1	472
	cyclopropylcarbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		
	methyl-octyl)-amide		
113.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	148-150	504,
113.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-cyclobutylcarbamoyl-	1 10 100	486
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		ļ
114.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	151-154	530
114.	[1(S)-(4-difluoromethoxy-benzyl)-2(S)-		1
	hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide		j
446	4-(3(S)-Hydroxy-7-methyl-5(R)-	87-95	508
115.	methylcarbamoyl-2(S)-[(quinoxaline-	3. 44	ŀ
	2-carbonyl)-amino]-octyl}-benzoic acid		l
	methyl ester		1
446	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-		379
116.	benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		
		ļ.	
	butyl)-amide 6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic	206-207	516,
117.		200-201	498
	acid		
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide	i	

	TABLE 1		
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
118.	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic	205-206	502,
	acid		485
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
119.	6,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	198-200	498
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide		
120.	6,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	188-190	484,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyi-2(S)-		467
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	İ	
121.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	102-104	517,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-5-		499
	cyclopentyl-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide	-	''
122.	6-Methyl-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid	74-76	
124.	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-	' ' ' '	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-amide		İ
123.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	145.5-146.5	477
123.	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-8-methyl-	110.0 110.0	'''
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)-amide		İ
124.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	163-165	463
124.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-	100-100	100
	hydroxy-8-methyl-nonyl)-amide		
125.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	123-125	539,
125.	1(S)-biphenyl-4-ylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-	125-125	521,
	7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-		508
	amide		300
126.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	168-170	447,
120.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-	100-170	430
	hydroxy-7-methyl-oct-6-enyl)-amide		730
127.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	121-123	
127.	(2(S)-hydroxy-6-methyl-4(R)-	121-123	
	methylcarbamoyl-1(S)-naphthalen-2-		
400	ylmethyl-heptyl)-amide Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	77-79	463,
128.		11-19	446
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		440
	hydroxy-7,7-dimethyl-octyl)-amide	195-199	477,
129.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	195-199	459
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7,7-dimethyl-	Ì	459
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide	168-172	469,
130.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	100-172	452
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		452
	hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide	205 206	EOO
131,	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	205-206	508
	1(S)-biphenyl-4-ylmethyl-4(R)-		
	carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	octyl)-amide	170 470	
132.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	170-172	525,
	[1(S)-benzyl-5-(4,4-difluoro-		507
	cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-	1	
	methylcarbamoyl-pentyl]-amide		

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
133.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-	174-176	511, 493
134.	pentyl]-amide Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	158.5-159.5	481,
	[1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide		463
135.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	191-191.5	467, 449
136.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-oct-6-enyl)- amide	65-68	461. 443
137.	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7(S)-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)-amide	158-161	541, 523
138.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)- hydroxy-7(S)-methyl-nonyl)-amide	185-187	446
139.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)- amide	148-150	482, 463
140.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	184-186	467, 449
141.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-nonyl)- amide	137-139.5	478
142.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-dimethylcarbamoyl- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	68-70	
143.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide	175 (Dec.)	518. 500
144.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide	198-201	498, 480
145.	8-Fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide	179-183	480. 462
146.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)- methylcarbamoyl-non-6-enyl)-amide	130-132	462, 448

	TABLE 1		
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
147.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	154-155	448,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-	1	430
	hydroxy-non-6-enyl)-amide		ŀ
148.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	188-190	485,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		467
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	<u>'</u>	1.5.
149.	8-Fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	192-196	466,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		449
	hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		1 443
150.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	188.5-189.5	450
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-	100.0-109,5	430
	hydroxy-nonyl)-amide		İ
151.	2(S)-{2(S)-hydroxy-4-phenyl-3(S)-	178-180	
151.	[(quinoxaline-2-carbonyl)-amino]-	170-100	İ
450	butyl}-N1,N4-dimethyl-succinamide	105 100	
152.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	105-108	496
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl-7-		
	fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-	i	- 1
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	amide		{
153.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	110-112	523,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-butylcarbamoyl-7-		505
	fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-		
	amide		ŀ
154.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	145-147	499
	[7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-		ı
	methylcarbamoyl-octyl]-amide		
155.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	206-207	536,
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-		518
	benzyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		10.0
	methyl-octyl]-amide		Į.
156.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	187-189	571
100.	[4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-dichloro-	107-103	371
	benzyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		
	methyl-octyl]-amide		
157.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	222 025	470
157.	1	223-225	478
	(4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		
450	methyl-1(S)-phenethyl-octyl)-amide,	200 010	
158.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	208-210	463,
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-		445
	fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		<u> </u>
	octyl]-amide		
159.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	1	520
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(4-		
	fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	1	
	octyl]-amide		
160.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		551
	[1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		
	methyl-4(R)-(4-methyl-piperazine-1-		
	carbonyl)-octyl]-amide,		ł

	TABLE 1		
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
161.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	212-214	477,
	[1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		459
	hydroxy-5-(tetrahydro-pyran-4(R)-yl)-		1
	pentyl]-amide		
162.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		536
	[1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		ļ
	methyl-4(R)-(piperidine-1-carbonyl)-		
	octyl]-amide		
163.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		537
	[1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		į
	methyl-4(R)-(morpholine-4-carbonyl)-		
••	octyl]-amide,	•	
164.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	90-100	481,
	[1(S)-benzyl-3-(2-carbamoyl-indan-2-		464
	yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-propyl]-amide		İ
165.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	212-216	
	1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-	(Dec.)	İ
	methylcarbamoyl-7-phenyl-hept-6-	. ,	İ
	enyl)-amide		
166.	Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid	163.5-165	466,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		449
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		1
167.	6,7-Dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-	175-178	456
	carboxylic acid		
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		1
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
168.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	222-223	461,
	benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-	٠	444
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;		1
169.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	178-180	461,
	benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-		444
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide		
170.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	229-232	447
	benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclohexyl-		ł
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide		
171.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	126-128	447
	benzyl-4-carbamoyl-4(S)-cyclopentyl-		1
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;		
172.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	200-202	466.
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		449
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
173.	N-1(S)-Benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-	181-183	476
	fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-5-		:
	bromo-nicotinamide		
174.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	184-187	466,
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-1-(2(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-	1	448
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide		
175.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	213-215	466
	[4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-		
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide		1

	TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS	
176.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-		502	
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-			
	(4-isopropyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;		1	
177.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		454,	
	(4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-	1	436	
	methyl-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-			
	amide			
178.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	195-196	456	
	(4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-		1	
	methyl-1(S)-thiazol-4-ylmethyl-octyl)-		1	
	amide			
179.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	188-190	516	
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	•		
	(3,3,5,5-tetramethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-			
	amide			
180.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-		495	
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-			
	indan-2-yl-butyl)-amide;		- 1	
181.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	216-217	474,	
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cycloheptyl-		457	
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide;		-	
182.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-		477	
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-		l	
	propyl-octyl)-amide;			
183.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-			
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-			
	propyl-oct-5-enyl)-amide;			
184.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		·	
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-		1	
	dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide			
185.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		467,	
	1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-		449	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-		ł	
	amide			
1 86.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		467,	
	1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-		449	
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-			
	amide			
187.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	160-162	467,	
	1(S)-benzyl-6-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-		449	
	4(S)-methylcarbamoyl-hept-6-enyl)-		1	
	amide			
188.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	203-204.5	1	
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-6-chloro-	1		
	2(S)-hydroxy-hept-6-enyl)-amide			
189.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	171-174	447,	
	1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-6-]	429	
	cyclopropyl-2(S)-hydroxy-hexyl)-amide	1	1	

EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
190.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	146-148	461.
150.	1(S)-benzyl-6-cyclopropyl-2(S)-		443
	hydroxy-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-hexyl)-		
	amide	•	
191.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	218-220	475,
191.	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-	210	457
	4(S)-(4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-		1.0
	amide;	-	į
400	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	190-191	495,
192.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	1 100 101	477
	indan-2-yl-butyl)-amide;		'''
400	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	184-187	553,
··· 193.	[1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-	104-107	536
	hydroxy-5-(4-trifluoromethoxy-phenyl)-	İ	000
	pentyl]-amide		
- 404	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	164-166	487.
194.	[1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(4-	104-100	470
	fluoro-phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-		770
	amide		
- 405	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	165-166	436
195.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-	100-100	
	2(S)-hydroxy-hept-6-enyl)-amide		
100	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	158-160	436
196.	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-	130-100	100
	2(S)-hydroxy-hept-6-enyl)-amide	1	ļ
107	3-Hydroxy-quinoxaline-2-carboxylic	185-189	483,
197.	acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-	100-100	465
	fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-	}	1 400
	amide	1	Ì
400	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	183-184	
198,	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-benzylcarbamoyl-7-	100-104	
	fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-		- 1
	amide		1
100	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	188-191	
199.	{1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-	100-101	1
	methyl-4(R)-[(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-		1
	carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide		ļ
	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	 -	571,
200.	1(S)-benzyl-8,8-trifluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-		553
	4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-7-		
	trifluoromethyl-octyl)-amide		1
	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	187-193	553
201.		107-133	1 333
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-8,8-		
	trifluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-trifluoromethyl-		
	octyl)-amide	170-173	502
202	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	110-113	1 302
	[2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-		
	methylcarbamoyl-1(S)-(4- methylcarbamoyl-benzyl)-octyl]-amide	1	

	TABLE 1		
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
203.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)- benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-5-ethyl-2(S)- hydroxy-heptyl)-amide;	215-218	448, 431
204.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-butyl]-amide;	151-154	
205.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-(2-pyridin-2-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-octyl]-amide	155-156	572
206.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-(3,4-dimethoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide	162-164	617
207.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)- benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy- 6-methoxy-hexyl)-amide		420
208.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro- 2(S)-hydroxy-oct-6-enyl)-amide	172-175	450
209.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy- 4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-oct-6-enyl)- amide	108-111	463
210.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-4-(3,5-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;	221-222	489, 471
211.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide	138-140	557, 540
212.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-(4-hydroxy-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-methyl-octyl}-amide	138-140	587, 569
213.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide	174-175	563, 545
214.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)- hydroxy-6-phenoxy-hexyl)-amide	194.5-196.5	482
215.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)- hydroxy-6-isopropoxy-hexyl)-amide	113-118 (Mix)	448
216.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-[2-(4-sulfamoyl-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-octyl}-amide	207-210	650

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
217.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)- benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	100-104	558
	4(R)-[(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-		
	octyl}-amide		
218.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	78-79	555,
	benzyl-4(R)-(2-ethylsulfanyl-		537
	ethylcarbamoyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-		
	7-methyl-octyl]-amide		
219.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	48-50	507
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(\$)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2-		
	methoxy-ethylcarbamoyl)-7-methyl-		1
	octyl]-amide	•	
220.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	154-155	572
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		1
	4(R)-(2-pyridin-3-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-		
	octyl]-amide		
221.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	78-80	572
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-(2-pyridin-4-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-		
	octyl]-amide	155 155	
222.	Quinoxaline-6-carboxylic acid	190-192	467
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	101 100	470
223.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	184-189	479,
	1(S)-benzyl-6-tert-butoxy-4(R)-		461
20.4	carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-hexyl)-amide	100-105	574
224.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	100-105	3/4
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-[2-1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)-	l	
	ethylcarbamoyl]-octyl}-amide		
225.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	140-150	511.
225.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(1,1-dioxo-	140-130	494
	thiopyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-		70'
	amide;		
226.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)-		640,
220.	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-		622
	(6-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)-		
	ethylcarbamoyl]-7-methyl-octyl}-amide,		l
227.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	135	587,
	[1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-		56 9
	4(R)-(2-methoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7-		į
	methyl-octyl]-amide	<u> </u>	
228.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		587,
	[1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-		569
	4(R)-(3-methoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7-		
	methyl-octyl]-amide		
229.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	152-154	577
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-		
	4(R)-(2-thiophen-2-yl-ethylcarbamoyl)-		
	octyl]-amide	1	í

	TABLE 1		
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
230.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-[2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-methyl-octyl}-amide	107-108	610
231.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4(R)-[2- (4-amino-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]- 1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl}-amide		586
232.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(3,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide	109-112	631, 613
233.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(3,4-dimethoxy-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide	•	631, 613
234.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)- benzyl-7-fluoro-4(R)-[(furan-2- ylmethyl)-carbamoyl]-2(S)-hydroxy-7- methyl-octyl}-amide	155.5-156.5	547
235.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-[2-(2,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)-ethylcarbamoyl]-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-arnide		631. 613
236.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy- 4(R)-(4-methoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7- methyl-octyl]-amide	114-115	587 , 569
237.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-6- cyclohexyloxy-2(S)-hydroxy-hexyl)- amide	150-152	505, 487
238.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {4(R)- [(1H-benzoimidazol-2-ylmethyl)- carbamoyl]-1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl}-amide		596
239.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-(2(S)-hydroxymethyl-pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	217-219	551, 533
240.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid {1(S)- benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl- 4(R)-[(tetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl)- carbamoyl]-octyl}-amide	111-115	551, 533
241.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide	176-179	497, 478

	TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS	
242.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-(2,3-dimethoxy-benzylcarbamoyl)-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	99-101	·	
243.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;	187-189	477, 379	
244.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxybutyl]-amide;	195-198	491	
¨245.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	225-227	485, 467	
246.	7,8-Diffuoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	>220	502, 485	
247.	N-1(S)-Benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7- fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)- 5,6-dichloro-nicotinamide	>220	484, 466	
248.	Benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)- benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	190-192	455, 438	
249.	Cinnoline-4-carboxylic acid 1(S)- benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	198-199.5	469, 451	
250.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-1(S)-(4-iodo-benzyl)-7-methyl-octyl]-amide,	185.5-187.5	593, 576	
251.	Pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,	211-212	417, 319	
252.	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,	195-197	520, 503	
253.	Quinoline-6-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,	170-173	466, 449	
254.	Isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,	194-197	466, 448	
255.	2-Methoxy-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro- 2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide.	213-216	496, 479	

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
256.	1H-Benzoimidazole-2-carboxylic acid	168-169	456,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		438
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,		
257.	Benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid	152.5-155	472,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		455
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
258.	5-Methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid	194-197	431
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-		
	2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
259.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		470,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		453
•• •	hydroxy-5-pyridin-3-yl-pentyl)-amide		
260.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	210-211	477,
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		459
	(1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;		1.00
261.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	231	460.
201.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-	201	443
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide		'''
262.	Quinoline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	208-210	460,
202.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-	200-210	443
	2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide		170
263.	Fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	238-240	478,
203.	(1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-	230-240	461
	cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-amide		401
201		174-177	461
264.	N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-	174-177	401
	cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-5,6-		
000	dichloro-nicotinamide;	000 000	475
265	N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-	255-256	475,
	cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-5-		458
	bromo-nicotinamide;	450 400 5	455
266.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	159-160.5	453
	(4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7-methyl-1(S)-phenyl-octyl)-amide,		
267.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		470,
	1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		453
	hydroxy-5-pyridin-2-yl-pentyl)-amide,		
268.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-	206-207	482
	carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-(1-hydroxy-		ŀ
	cyclohexyl)-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-		
·	butyl]-amide;		
269.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	123-125	495,
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		379
	(4-hydroxy-tetrahydro-thiopyran-4-yl)-		i
	butyl]-amide;		
270.	1,3-Dimethyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-	189,5-191	484,
2.0.	b]pyridine-5-carboxylic acid 1(S)-		467
		i	1
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)- hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide,		

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TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
271.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	165-166	
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-		:
	hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-		
	amide		
272.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-		1
	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-		
	methoxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl)-		
	amide		
273.	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	233-235	1
	(1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		
	hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide		
274.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	182-185	†
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(2-chloro-		i
	phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide		
275.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	168-171	1
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		1
	5-o-tolyl-pentyl)-amide		
276.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	190-192	
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-5-phenyl-pentyl)-		
	amide	100 105	400
277.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	192-195	463,
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		446
070	(1-hydroxy-cyclopentyl)-butyl]-amide	230-233	490
278.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	230-233	490
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
	(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]- amide		
279.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	199-201	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
219.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-5-(3,4-dichloro-	133-201	
	phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide		İ
280.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	171-173	
200.	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(2-fluoro-	171-175	1
	phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl)-amide		
281.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	110-112	477
201.	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-	''`	1
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-		
	cyclopentyl)-butyl]-amide		1
282.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	187-188	476
202.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
	(1-hydroxy-3-methyl-cyclopentyl)-]
	butyl]-amide		1
283.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	114-116	506
200.	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-		İ
	methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide		
284.	N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		494,
_0	hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-5-bromo-		496
	nicotinamide		

	TABLE 1		7.200
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
285.	8-Fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid	206-209	1
	(1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-		ŀ
	hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide		
286.	6,7-Dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindine-3-	182-186	
	carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-		
	carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-		İ
	pentyl)-amide		
287.	Quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	203-206	l
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		ļ
	5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide		
288.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	234-236	504
** *	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		1
	(1-hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-	,	1
	butyl]-amide		
289.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-		520
2001	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-		l
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-3,5-		ļ
	dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide		
290	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	189-191	491
200.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
	(1-hydroxy-cycloheptyl)-butyl]-amide		· we
291.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	118-119	506
201.	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-		
	cycloheptyl)-butyl]-amide		
292.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	176-179	
252.	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-5-(3-fluoro-		ļ
	phenyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-pentyl]-amide		
293.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	178-179	
293.	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		1
	5-m-tolyl-pentyl)-amide		
294.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-	146-148	
294.	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	1.0	
	isobutylcarbamoyl-butyl)-amide		
005	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	206-207	528
295.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	200 201	020
	(2-hydroxy-adamantan-2-yl)-butyl]-		
	amide Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	268-269	516
296.		1	1010
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		1
	(9-hydroxy-bicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl)-		l
	butyl]-amide	133-134	544
297.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	133-134	344
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(2-hydroxy-	1	1
	adamantan-2-yl)-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-		
	butyl]-amide	120 122	
298.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	130-132	532
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(9-hydroxy-		
	bicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl)-4-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-buty I]-amide		

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
299.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)- benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy- 5-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide	147-148	
300.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	227-228	519
300.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-	221-220	319
	(1-hydroxy-4-propyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-		
	amide		
301.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	115-117	533
	benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-		
	propyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]- amide		
302.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	•	500,
	benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-		483
	5-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-amide		
303.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(\$)-	246-248	504
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(4-ethyl-1-		- 1
	hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-2-hydroxy-butyl]-		-
	amide		
304.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	210-211	505
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		1.5
	(1-hydroxy-4,4-dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-		
205	butyl]-amide	118-123	520
305.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-	110-123	320
	hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4,4-		
	dimethyl-cyclohexyl)-but yl]-amide		
306.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	207.5-208.5	
30 0.	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-(4,4-difluoro-	,	
	1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-	İ	
	butyl]-amide		
307.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	130-131	572
	benzyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-1-hydroxy-		
	cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
	hydroxycarbamoyl-but yl]-amide		
308.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-	250-252	545
	benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4-		
	(1-hydroxy-4-trifluoromethyl-		
	cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide	94-98	454
309.	Quinoxaline-3- carboxylic acid 1(S)-	94-90	1 434
	cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-6- methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-heptyl)-		
	amide		
310.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(5)-	174-175.5	522
JIU.	benzyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	4(R)-(pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)-octyl]-		
	amide		
311.	N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4-	218-220	470
¥ 1 1.	cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl)-5-		
	bromo-nicotinamide	1	ļ

TABLE 1			
EXAMPLE	NAME	M.P. (°C)	LRMS
312.	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-7-fluoro-4(R)-hydrazinocarbonyl-2(S)-hydroxyl-7-methyl-octyl)-amide	147-149	482,467

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EXAMPLE 313

Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S), 7-dihydroxy-7-methyloctyl)-amide

-To the lactone from Example 2, method C (100 mg, 0.27 mmol), was added neat trifluoroacetic acid (1 mL). The resulting solution was stirred for 1 hour and the trifluoroacetic acid removed in vacuo. The remaining residue was solvated in methylene chloride (10 mL) and triethylamine (0.15 mL, 1.07 mmol). Quinoxalyl chloride (58 mg, 0.3 mmol) was added as a solid and the mixture stirred for 18 hour. The mixture was transferred to a separatory funnel and washed with citric acid (2x10 mL), NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and brine (10 mL). The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄) and the solvents filtered. The filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and the resulting residue was chromatographed on silica gel (10 g) eluting with 2:1 hexanes:ethyl acetate to provide 99 mg of the quinoxaline amide. This material was solvated in methanol and ammonia gas was bubbled in for 5 minutes. The resulting solution was stirred for 16 hours and the solvent removed in vacuo. The remaining residue was recrystallized (methylene chloride/methanol/Hexanes) to provide the title compound (90 mg, 72%). 1H NMR (400 MHz, CD3OD): d 9.38 (1H, s), 8.21 (1H, dd, J=4.4, 2.5 Hz), 8.14 (1H, dd, J=4.4, 2.5 Hz), 7.93 (2H, m), 7.26 (2H, d, J=6.9 Hz), 7.17 (2H, t, J=7.1 Hz), 7.09 (1H, t, J=7.3 Hz), 4.30 (1H, m), 3.75 (1H, m), 3.03-2.98 (2H, m), 2.47 (1H, m), 1.77 (1H, m), 1.56 (2H, m), 1.4 (2H, m), 1.07 (6H, s).

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EXAMPLES 314-344

The compounds from Table 2 were prepared according to the methods described above, substituting where appropriate the correct R^2 aldehyde, R^3 group, R^1 carboxylic acid or R^4 and R^5 amine where appropriate.

TABLE 2

EXAMPLE NUMBER	NAME	MP	LRMS
314	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	153-155	483., 465., 448

DESCRIPTION OF CONTRACTS

EXAMPLE NUMBER	NAME	MP	LRMS
315	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-	162-163	500, 483, 466
316	octyl]-amide Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	161-163	499, 481, 464
	4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3- chloro-benzyl)-2(S),7- dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]- amide	101 100	100, 101, 101
317	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3-chloro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyloctyl]-amide	108-111	497, 464
318	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3- carboxylic acid (1S)-benzyl- 4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7- dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)- amide	171-173	501, 484
319	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3- carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl- 4(R)-carbamoyl- 2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl- octyl)-amide	185-188	519, 502
320	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3,5-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	98-100	517
321	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyloctyl)-amide	108-110	482, 464, 447
322	7,8-Difluoro-quinoline-3- carboxylic acid (1(S)-benzyl- 4(R)-ethylcarbamoyl- 2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl- octyl)-amide		507, 484, 447
323	N-(1(S)-Benzyl-4(R)- carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy- 7-methyl-octyl)-4- trifluoromethyl-nicotinamide	131-135	482, 464, 447
324	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2-chloro-benzyl)-2(S),7-		

EXAMPLE NUMBER	NAME	MP	LRMS
	dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]- amide		
325	7,8-Diffuoro-quinoline-3- carboxylic acid [(4R)- carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro- benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7- methyl-octyl]-amide	174-177	518
326	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyloctyl]-amide	130-131	499
327	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide	158-159	471, 453, 436
328	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	147-148	483
329	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-hydroxycarbamoyl-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	150-153	517, 499, 466
330	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1(S)-(3,4-difluoro-benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide	110-120	501, 483, 466
331	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-naphthalen-1-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide	155-158	515, 497, 480
332	6,7,8-Trifluoro-quinoline-3- carboxylic acid [4(R)- carbamoyl-1(S)-(3-fluoro- benzyl)-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7- methyl-octyl]-amide	183-185	536, 518
333	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-naphthalen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide	104-106	515, 497

EXAMPLE NUMBER	NAME	MP	LRMS
334	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	98-100	498, 480
	(2(S),7-dihydroxy-4(R)-		, '
	hydroxycarbamoyl-7-		
	methyl-1(S)-naphthalen-2-		
1	ylmethyl-octyl)-amide		
335	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	163-164	521, 503, 486
	(1(S)-benzo[b]thiophen-3-		
	ylmethyl-4(R)-		
	carbamoyl-2(S),7-dihydroxy-		
	7-methyl-octyl)-amide		
336	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	190.5-191.5	
330	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-	130.5-131.5	
	hydroxy-5-(4-		
	hydroxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-		
	amide		
007			
337	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-		}
	hydroxy-5-(3-		
	hydroxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-		
	amide		
338	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-		
r	hydroxy-5-(2-		
	hydroxy-phenyl)-pentyl]-		1
	amide		
339	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	·	
	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-		
	hydroxy-5-(2-		
	hydroxy-5-methyl-phenyl)-		
	pentyl]-amide		
340	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-		
	hydroxy-5-(2-	1	
	hydroxy-3-methyl-phenyl)-		
	pentyl]-amide	1	
341	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-5-(3-		
	ethoxy-2-		
	hydroxy-phenyl)-2-hydroxy-		
	pentyl]-amide		
342	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-		
	hydroxy-5-(4-		
	hydroxy-3,5-dimethyl-	1	
	phenyl)-pentyl]-amide		
343	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid	 	
3,3	(1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2,6-		
	dihydroxy-6-		
	methyl-heptyl)-amide		

EXAMPLE NUMBER	NAME	MP	LRMS
344	Quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid		
	[1-benzyl-4-carbamoyl-2-		
1	hydroxy-5-(1-		
	hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-pentyl]-		
	amide		

CLAIMS

1. A compound of the formula

$$R^1$$
 N
 H
 OH
 R^2
 OH
 R^3
 NR^4R^5

10

wherein R1 is (C2-C2)heteroaryl optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy-(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy(C₁-C₆)alkyl, HO-(C=O)-. (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C=O)-(C= $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl,$ 15 (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, H(O=C)-, (C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, NO₂ amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, (C1-C6)alkylamino(C1-C6)alkyl, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyI]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyI, H_2N-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyI-NH-(C=O)-, [(C_1-C_6)alkyI]_2N-(C=O)-, [(C_1 (C_1-C_6)$ alkyl-HN(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O) H_2N(C=0)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyI(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6) alky $I(C=O)-[NH](C_1-C_6)$ alkyI, 20 (C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $](C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $, (C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $-S-, (C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $-(S=O)-, (C_1-C_6)$ alky SO_2 -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2 -NH-, H_2 N- SO_2 -, H_2 N- SO_2 -(C_1 - $C_6)$ alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C $(C_1-C_6)aikyI, \\ [(C_1-C_6)aikyI]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)aikyI, \\ CF_3SO_3-, \\ (C_1-C_6)aikyI-SO_3-, \\ (C$ phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

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 R^2 is phenyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, naphthyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl or (C2-C3)heteroaryl-(CH2)m-, wherein m is an interger from zero to four; wherein each of said phenyl, naphthyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl or (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl moieties of said phenyl-(CH₂)_m-, naphthyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$ or (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_{m^-}$ groups may optionally be substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy-(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)-($C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C_1$

H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, NO_2 , 5 amino. (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, $(C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, \ \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2 amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, \ \ H_2N-(C=O)-, \ \ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, \ \ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-N$ $(C=O)_-$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N_-(C=O)_-$, $H_2N(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl_-HN(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$. $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-$ 10 $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=0)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-)$ (S=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2- , (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2-NH- , H₂N-SO₂-, H₂N-SO₂-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, CF_3SO_3 -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, phenoxy, benzyloxy, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C2-C2)heteroaryl;

15 R³ is hydrogen, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^{-1}}$, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^{-1}}$, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{n^{-1}}$, wherein n is an interger from zero to six;

wherein said R3 (C1-C10)alkyl group may optionally be substituted with one or more substituents, independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy-(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy(C₁-C₆)alkyl, HO₂(C=O)-, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O$ (C=Q)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ NO₂ amino. (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino(C₁-C₆)alkyl,

25 $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2 amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ H_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O) H_2N(C=0)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ $(C_1 - C_6)$ alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, $[(C_1 - C_6)alkyl]_2N - (C = O)$ -(C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $](C_1-C_6)$ alkyl](C₁-C₆)alkyl-S-, (C1-C6)alkyl-(S=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, H₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-N-30 SO_2 -(C_1 - C_6)alkyl, $[(C_1$ - C_6)alkyl]₂N- SO_2 -(C_1 - C_6)alkyl, CF₃SO₃-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl; and wherein any of the carbon-carbon single bonds of said (C1-C10)alkyl may optionally be replaced by a carboncarbon double bond;

wherein the (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl moiety of said R^3 (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - group may optionally be substituted by one to three substitutents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C_1-C_6) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) alky

 (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-5 (C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, NO_2 , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N-(C=O)$ -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH- $(C=O)_{-}$, $[(C_1-C_6)a|ky|]_2N_-(C=O)_-$, $H_2N_-(C=O)_-(C_1-C_6)a|ky|$, $(C_1-C_6)a|ky|$, $(C_1-C_6)a|ky|$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=0)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, _(C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=0)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-)$ 10 (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-, (S=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl $+N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl $]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, CF_3SO_3- , (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

wherein the (C2-C9)heterocycloalkyl moiety of said R3 (C2-C9)heterocycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n- group may contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from 15 nitrogen, sulfur, oxygen, >S(=O), >SO₂ or >NR⁶, wherein said (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl moiety of said (%2-C9)heterocycloalkyl-(CH2)n- group may optionally be substituted on any of the ring carbon atoms capable of forming an additional bond with a substituent independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally 20 substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C1-C6)alkoxy(C1-C6)alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) - (C_1-C_6) $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- $(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, H(O=C)-, (C=O)-O-, (C1-C6)alkylamino, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, NO₂ amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, 25 [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2 amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ H_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C=O$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-HN(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O) H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl $(C=O)-[NH](C_1-C_6)$ alkyl. (C_1-C_6) alkyl(C=O)-NH, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, H(O=C)-NH-, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(S=O)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_6)al$ $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkylHN-SO₂-SO₂₋ H2N-SO2-1 30 (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl, [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl,$ $CF_3SO_{3^-}$, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_{3^-} , (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl;

wherein the (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl moiety of said R^3 (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_n$ - group may contain from one to three heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, sulfur or oxygen wherein said (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl moiety of said (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_n$ - group may optionally be substituted on any of the ring carbon atoms capable of forming an additional bond with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C_1-C_6) alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms,

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 (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, 5 H(O=C)-, $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, NO_2 , $(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alk$ [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkylamino, $(C_1-C_6)alkylamino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ H_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C_1-C_$ $(C=O)-, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \quad H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_$ 10 $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O$ $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂- $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) aikylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) aikyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ aikyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) aikyl, CF_3SO_3 -, (C_1-C_6) aikyl-SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl; and

wherein said aryl moiety of said R3 aryl-(CH2)n- group is optionally substituted phenyl or naphthyl, wherein said phenyl and naphthyl may optionally be substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, 20 (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, $HO-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O- $(C=O)-(C_1-\widehat{C_6})$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)-O- $(C_1-\widehat{C_6})$ alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl- (C_1-C_6) al $H(O=C)-, \quad H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad NO_2, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad NO_2, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1$ amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl, [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, amino, $(C_1-C_6)alkylamino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ H_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-NH$ 25 $(C=O)-, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \ H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alk$ $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH [NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2 -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_2 -NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl. CF₃SO₃-, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl,$ (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, 30

or R3 and the carbon to which it is attached form a five to seven membered carbocyclic ring, wherein any of the carbon atoms of said five membered carbocyclic ring may optionally be substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms hydroxy, hydroxy- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl,$ HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-$

 (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl;

 $H(O=C)-, H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, NO_2, (C_1-C_6)alkyl, NO_2, (C_1-C_6)alkyl, NO_2, (C_1-C_6)alkyl, NO_2, (C_1-C_6)alkyl, NO_2, (C_1-C_6)alkyl, (C_1$ 5 [(C₁-C₆)alkyl]₂amino, amino(C₁-C₆)alkyl. amino. (C₁-C₆)alkylamino, $(C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, \ [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2 amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, \ H_2N-(C=O)-, \ (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH-(C_1-C_$ (C=O)-, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-$, $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-, \quad (C_1-C$ $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ 10 (C1-C6)alkyl-SO2-NH-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-, H₂N-SO₂-, $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (S=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, CF₃SO₃-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₃-, phenyl, (C₃-C₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl, and (C₂-C₉)heteroaryl; wherein one of the carbon-carbon bonds of said five to seven membered carbocyclic ring may optionally be fused to an optionally substituted phenyl ring, wherein said substitutents may be 15 independently selected from hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), hydroxy, hydroxy-(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms (preferably one to three fluorine atoms), (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=0)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=0)-, HO-(C=0)-20 (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl(O=C)- $H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ H(O=C)-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl, NO_2 , amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl. $(C_{1}-C_{6})alkylamino(C_{1}-C_{6})alkyl, \ \ [(C_{1}-C_{6})alkyl]_{2}amino(C_{1}-C_{6})alkyl, \ \ H_{2}N-(C=O)-, \ \ (C_{1}-C_{6})alkyl-NH$ $(C=O)-, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-, \quad H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)Alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_$ $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-, \quad (C_$ 25 $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-\dots \\ (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ $H_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, (S=O)-. (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-, $(C_1-C_6)alkylHN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad CF_3SO_3-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-C$ SO_{3-} , phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl;

 R^4 is hydrogen, $(C_1\text{-}C_6)$ alkyl, hydroxy, $(C_1\text{-}C_6)$ alkoxy, hydroxy $(C_1\text{-}C_6)$ alkyl, $(C_1\text{-}C_6)$ alkoxy(C=O)-, $(C_3\text{-}C_{10})$ cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, $(C_2\text{-}C_9)$ heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, wherein p is an integer from zero to four; wherein said $(C_2\text{-}C_9)$ heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, or naphthyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, wherein p is an integer from zero to four; wherein said $(C_2\text{-}C_9)$ heterocycloalkyl, $(C_2\text{-}C_9)$ heteroaryl, phenyl and naphthyl groups of said $(C_2\text{-}C_9)$ heterocycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, $(C_2\text{-}C_9)$ heteroaryl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, phenyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$, or naphthyl- $(CH_2)_{p^-}$ may be optionally substituted on any of the ring atoms capable of supporting an additional bond with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, $(C_1\text{-}C_6)$ alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy- $(C_1\text{-}C_6)$ alkyl, $(C_1\text{-}C_6)$ alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, $(C_1\text{-}C_6)$ alkoxy $(C_1\text{-}C_6)$ alkyl, $(C_1\text{-}C_6)$ alkyl,

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 $(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C_1-C_6)$ $H(O=C)-, \quad H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6) \quad alkyl(O=C)-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad NO_2, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad NO_3, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad NO_4, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)al$ $amino, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkylamino, \quad \{(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2 \quad amino, \quad amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkylamino, \quad (C_1$ (C_1-G_6) alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, H₂N-(C=O)-, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl,$ (C1-C6)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-HN(C=O)- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$ $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-.$ $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH - \\ (C_1-C_6)alkyl($ $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ H2N-SO2-(C1-C6)alkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H2N-SO2-, (C₁-C₆)alkyl-SO₂-, (C_1-C_6) alkylHN-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂N-SO₂- (C_1-C_6) alkyl, CF_3SO_3 -, (C_1-C_6) alkyl- SO_{3-} , phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl;

or R4 and R5 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a (C2-C₉)heterocycloalkyl group wherein any of the ring atoms of said (C₂-C₉)heterocycloalkyl group may optionally be substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halo, CN, (C1-C6)alkyl optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, hydroxy, hydroxy-(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy optionally substituted with one or more fluorine atoms, (C_1-C_6) alkoxy (C_1-C_6) alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-O-(C=O)-, HO-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, HO-(C=O)-, HO-($(C_1-C_6)alkyl-O-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-O-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl-(C_1-C_6)a$ $H(O=C)-, \quad H(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(O=C)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad NO_2, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alk$ amino, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino, $[(C_1-C_6)$ alkyl]₂ amino, amino (C_1-C_6) alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkylamino (C_1-C_6) alkyl-NH-(C=O)-, H2N-(C=O)-, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2amino(C_1-C_6)alkyl,$ (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-HN(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, $H_2N(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl$, $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-,$ $[(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-(C=O)-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad H(O=C)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-NH-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-, \quad$ $[NH](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl(C=O)-[N(C_1-C_6)alkyl](C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-S-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl$ H2N-SO2-(C1-C6)alkyl. (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-, (C_1-C_6) alkyl-SO₂-NH-, H₂N-SO₂-, $(C_1-C_6)alkylHN-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad [(C_1-C_6)alkyl]_2N-SO_2-(C_1-C_6)alkyl, \quad CF_3SO_3-, \quad (C_1-C_6)alkyl-a$ $SO_{3^{-}}$, phenyl, (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl, (C_2-C_9) heterocycloalkyl, and (C_2-C_9) heteroaryl; 30

R⁵ is hydrogen, (C₁-C₆)alkyl or amino;

 $R^6 \ \ is \ \ hydrogen, \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkyl, \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkoxy-(CH_2)_g-, \ \ (C_1-C_6)alkoxy(C=O)-(CH_2)_g-,$ (C_1-C_6) alky $I-(SO_2)-(CH_2)_{g^2}$. (C_6-C_{10}) aryloxy $-(CH_2)_{g^2}$, (C_6-C_{10}) aryloxy $(C=O)-(CH_2)_{g^2}$. (C_6-C_{10}) aryl- (SO_2) - $(CH_2)_q$ -, wherein g is an integer from 1 to four;

with the proviso that when either R4 or R5 is hydrogen, and the other of R4 or R5 is (C_1-C_6) alkyl, R^2 is (C_3-C_{10}) cycloalkyl or isopropyl and R^3 is (C_3-C_5) alkyl, phenyl, methylvinyl, dimethylvinyl, halovinyl, hydroxy(C₁-C₃)alkyl or amino(C₁-C₄)alkyl then R¹ must be other indol-5-yl, 6-azaindol-2-yl, 2,3-dichloro-pyrol-5-yl, 4-hydroxyquinolin-3-yl, hydroxyquinoxalin-3-yl, 6-azaindolin-3-yl, or optionally substituted indol-2 or 3-yl;

5 and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts of such compounds.

2. A compound according to claim 1, wherein said compound of formula I has the exact stereochemistry depicted in formula

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wherein R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ are as described in claim 1.

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- 3. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridinyl, cinnolinyl, pyridinyl, 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindinyl, benzothiazolyl, indolyl, pyrazinyl, benzoimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, naphthalenyl, quinoxalinyl, isoquinolinyl, 5, 6, 7, 8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl or quinolinyl.
 - 4. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridinyl, cinnolinyl, pyridinyl, 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindinyl, benzothiazolyl, indolyl, pyrazinyl, benzoimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzo[b]thiophenyl, naphthalenyl, quinoxalinyl, isoquinolinyl, 5, 6, 7, 8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl or quinolinyl.
- A compound according to claim 1, wherein R1 is optionally substituted 6,7-dihydro-5H-(1)pyrindin-3-yl, pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-5-yl, cinnolin-4-yl. pyridin-2-yl, benzoimidazol-2-yl, benzofuran-2-yl, indol-2-yl, pyrazin-2-yl, 20 benzothiazol-2-yl, isoquinolin-1-yl, naphthalen-2-yl, quinoxalin-2-yl, quinoxalin-6-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, isoquinolin-3-yl, isoquinolin-4-yl, 5, 6, 7, 8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-4-yl or quinolin-6-yl.
- A compound according to claim 2, wherein R1 is optionally substituted 6,7-dihydro-5H-[1]pyrindin-3-yl, pyridin-2-yl, 25 pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-5-yl, cinnolin-4-yl, benzofuran-2-yl, benzoimidazol-2-yl, indol-2-yl, pyrazin-2-yl, benzothiazol-2-yl, naphthalen-2-yl, quinoxalin-2-yl, quinoxalin-6-yl, isoguinolin-1-yl, benzofblthiophen-2-yl, isoquinolin-3-yl, isoquinolin-4-yl, 5, 6, 7, 8-tetrahydro-quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-4-yl or quinolin-6-yl.
 - 7. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted quinoxalin-2-yl, quinoxalin-6-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-4-yl or quinolin-6-yl.
 - 8. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R¹ is optionally substituted quinoxalin-2-yl, quinoxalin-6-yl, quinolin-2-yl, quinolin-3-yl, quinolin-4-yl or quinolin-6-yl.
 - 9. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.

- 5 10. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl,
 - 11. A compound according to claim 3, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 12. A compound according to claim 4, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 13. A compound according to claim 5, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 14. A compound according to claim 6, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 15. A compound according to claim 7, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 16. A compound according to claim 8, wherein R² is optionally substituted benzyl.
 - 17. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R^3 is optionally substituted (C_{10})alkyl or (C_3 - C_{10})cycloalkyl-(CH_2) $_n$ -.
- 18. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R^3 is optionally substituted (C_1 C_{10})alkyl or (C_3 - C_{10})cycloalkyl-(CH_2) $_n$ -

- 19. A compound according to claim 6, wherein R^3 is optionally substituted (C_{1-} C_{10})alkyl or (C_3 - C_{10})cycloalkyl-(CH_2)_n-.
- 20. A compound according to claim 8, wherein R^3 is optionally substituted (C_{1-} C_{10})alkyl or (C_3 - C_{10})cycloalkyl-(CH_2) $_n$ -.
- 20 21. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R³ is optionally substituted n-butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-methyl-butyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, 2-methyl-pentyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, 2-methyl-cyclohexyl, or cyclohexyl-methyl.
 - 22. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R³ is optionally substituted n-butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-methyl-butyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, 2-methyl-pentyl, cyclohexyl, 2-methyl-cyclohexyl, or cyclohexyl-methyl.
 - 23. A compound according to claim 6, wherein R³ is optionally substituted n-butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-methyl-butyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, 2-methyl-pentyl, cyclohexyl, 2-methyl-cyclohexyl, or cyclohexyl-methyl.
- 24. A compound according to claim 8, wherein R³ is optionally substituted n-30 butyl, t-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-methyl-butyl, 3-methylbutyl, n-pentyl, 2-methyl-pentyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, 2-methyl-cyclohexyl, or cyclohexyl-methyl.
 - 25. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or hydroxy.
- 26. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or 35 hydroxy.
 - 27. A compound according to claim 21 wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or hydroxy.
 - 28. A compound according to claim 22 wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or hydroxy.

- 5 29. A compound according to claim 23 wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or hydroxy.
 - 30. A compound according to claim 24 wherein R³ is substituted by fluoro or hydroxy.
- 31. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R³ is 4,4-difluoro-10 cyclohexylmethyl, 2-fluoro-2-methyl-butyl, isobutyl, or 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl.
 - 32. A compound according to claim 2, wherein R³ is 4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl, 2-fluoro-2-methyl-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylbutyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl, or 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl.
- 33. A compound according to claim 6, wherein R³ is 4,4-difluoro-15 cyclohexylmethyl, 2-fluoro-2-methyl-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylbutyl, 2hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl, or 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl.
 - 34. A compound according to claim 8, wherein R³ is 4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl, 2-fluoro-2-methyl-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylbutyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl, or 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl.
- 20 35. A compound according to claim 16, wherein R³ is 4,4-difluoro-cyclohexylmethyl, 2-fluoro-2-methyl-butyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylbutyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl, or 1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl.
 - 36. A compound according to claim 1 wherein R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, methyl, or ethyl.
 - 37. A compound according to claim 6 wherein R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, methyl, or ethyl.

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- 38. A compound according to claim 8 wherein R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, methyl, or ethyl.
- 39. A compound according to claim 21 wherein R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, amino, methyl, or ethyl.
 - 40. A compound according to claim 1, wherein said compound is:
 - 7,8-difluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

8-fluoro-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-1-(3(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [4(R)-carbamoyl-1-(2(S)-fluoro-benzyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl]-amide;

5 quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(2,6-dimethyl-tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-5-cyclohexyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(R)10 methylcarbamoyl-pentyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-cyclohexylmethyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-4(R)-methylcarbamoyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-2(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-hydroxycarbamoyl-4-(1-hydroxy-4-methyl-cyclohexyl)-butyl]-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-1-hydroxy-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-4-hydroxycarbamoyl-but yl]-amide;

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quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid [1(S)-benzyl-4(S)-carbamoyl-4(S)-(4,4-difluoro-cyclohexyl)-2(S)-hydroxy-butyl]-amide;

quinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1(\$)-benzyl-4(\$)-carbamoyl-4-cyclohexyl-2(\$)-hydroxy-20 butyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiophen-2-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-chloro-2(S)-hydroxy-oct-6-enyl)-amide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-5-phenyl-pentyl)-amide;

N-1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-5,6-dichloro-nicotinamide;

quinoxaline-2-carboxylic acid (4(R)-carbamoyl-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-1(S)-thiazol-4(R)-ylmethyl-octyl)-amide;

benzothiazole-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide; or

benzofuran-2-carboxylic acid 1(S)-benzyl-4(R)-carbamoyl-7-fluoro-2(S)-hydroxy-7-methyl-octyl)-amide.

35 41. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases, acute and chronic inflammatory conditions, allergic conditions, infection associated with inflammation, viral, transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity, and granulomatous in a mammal, comprising an

- amount of a compound according to claim 1 that is effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 42. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated or prevented by inhibiting MIP- 1α binding to the receptor CCR1 in a mammal, comprising an amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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- 43. A method for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases, acute and chronic inflammatory conditions, allergic conditions, infection associated with inflammation, viral, transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity, and granulomatous in a mammal, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment or prevention an amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, that is effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition.
- 44. A method for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated or prevented by antagonizing the CCR1 receptor in a mammal, comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment or prevention an amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, that is effective in treating or preventing such disorder or condition.
 - 45. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition selected from autoimmune diseases, acute and chronic inflammatory conditions, allergic conditions, infection associated with inflammation, viral, transplantation tissue rejection, atherosclerosis, restenosis, HIV infectivity, and granulomatous in a mammal, comprising a CCR1 receptor antagonizing effective amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 30 46. A pharmaceutical composition for treating or preventing a disorder or condition that can be treated or prevented by antagonizing the CCR1 receptor in a mammal, comprising a CCR1. receptor antagonizing effective amount of a compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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A. CLASS	IFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER		
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	European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk		
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According to	o International Patent Classification(IPC) or to both national classific		
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	ocumentation searched (classification system followed by classification	on symbols)	
		ра.	,
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C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
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	see claims 1-3,9,10,13,15,16,18; 76,88	examples	w.
	70,00		
	-	-/- -	
V Euro	her documents are listed in the continuation of box C.		
<u> </u>		Patent family members are listed in	annex.
" Special ca	legories of cited documents :	"T" later document published after the inter	national filing date
	ent defining the general state of the art which is not lered to be of particular relevance	or priority date and not in conflict with cited to understand the principle or the	the application but ory underlying the
"E" earlier o	document but published on or after the international late	invention "X" document of particular relevance; the cl	aimed invention
"I." docume	ent which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publication date of another	carriot be considered novel or cannot involve an inventive step when the doc	zument is taken alone
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other	means	document is combined with one or mo ments, such combination being obvious in the art.	
	ent published prior to the international filing date but aan the priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same patent t	amily
Date of the	actual completion of theinternational search	Date of mailing of the international sear	ch report
2	2 May 1998	1 0, 07, 98	
Name and r	nalling address of the ISA	Authorized officer	
	European Patent Offico, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk		
	Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Hartrampf, G	

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International application No. PCT/US 98/01568

Box I	Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item 1 of Iirst sheet)
This Inte	ernational Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. X	Claims Nos.: 43,44 because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
	Rule 39.1(iv) PCT - Method for treatment of the human or animal body by therapy
2.	Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
з. [Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This Inte	emational Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
	·#
`1. <u> </u>	As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2.	As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3.	As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4.	No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark	The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

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